

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES WITH
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS
JUNE 30, 2010

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education Huntington Union Free School District Huntington Station, New York

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the fiduciary funds of the Huntington Union Free School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on the financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the fiduciary funds of the Huntington Union Free School District, as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 24, 2010, on our consideration of the Huntington Union Free School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and the schedule of funding progress – other postemployment benefits on pages 3 through 13 and 41 through 43, respectively, are not required parts of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Huntington Union Free School District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information on pages 44 through 47 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the New York State Education Department. The other supplementary information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Cullen & Danowski, LLP September 24, 2010

# HUNTINGTON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Huntington Union Free School District's discussion and analysis of financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole. This should be read in conjunction with the financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

# 1. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

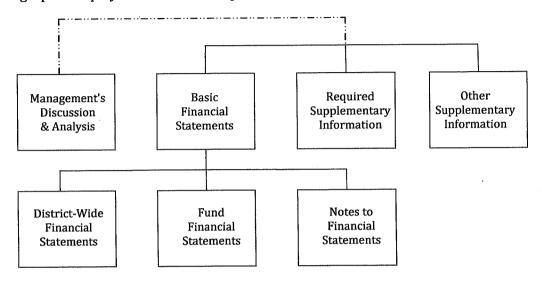
Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2010 are as follows:

- On the district-wide financial statements, the District's total net assets decreased by \$10,178,600. This was mainly due to the unfunded cost of other postemployment benefits.
- On the district-wide financial statements, the District's expenses for the year totaled \$119,975,248. Of this amount, \$7,562,809 was offset by program charges for services and operating grants. General revenues of \$102,233,839 amounted to 93% of total revenues, and were not adequate to cover the balance of program expenses.
- The District received \$5,730,807 in operating grants to support instructional programs. This is an increase over the prior year of \$2,526,071, which is the result of the receipt of federal American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) grants. Of this amount, \$1,672,954 was to supplement the District for a reduction in state aid.
- The general fund's total fund balance, as reflected on the balance sheet in the fund financial statements, increased by \$2,883,165 to \$15,644,797.
- On the balance sheet, the general fund's unreserved, undesignated fund balance at year end was \$4,351,462. This represents an increase of \$160,617 over the prior year. The unreserved, undesignated fund balance at year end is at the statutory 4% limit authorized by New York State Law.
- On May 20, 2008 the voters approved the establishment of a new capital reserve to be capitalized in the ultimate amount of \$10,000,000 plus interest. The funding source shall be the annual transfer of surplus monies, if any, from the District's general fund not to exceed \$2,000,000 in any given year as may be available at the end of each year from June 20, 2008 through June 30, 2016. At June 30, 2010, \$2,000,000 of surplus was transferred to this capital reserve in the general fund. The total contributions to date are \$4,414,000 leaving \$5,586,000 to be raised in the future.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

# 2. OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and other supplementary information. The basic financial statements consist of district-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. A graphic display of the relationship of these statements follows:



#### A. District-Wide Financial Statements

The district-wide financial statements present the governmental activities of the District and are organized to provide an understanding of the fiscal performance of the District as a whole in a manner similar to a private sector business. There are two district-wide financial statements - the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. These statements provide both an aggregate and long-term view of the District's finances.

These statements utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes the financial effects of events when they occur, without regard to the timing of cash flows related to the events.

# The Statement of Net Assets

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

#### The Statement of Activities

The Statement of Activities presents information showing the change in net assets during the fiscal year. All changes in net assets are recorded at the time the underlying financial event occurs. Therefore, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will result in cash flow in future fiscal periods.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

# **B. Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, not the District as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District also uses fund accounting to ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The funds of the District are reported in the governmental funds and the fiduciary funds.

These statements utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the period that they become measurable and available. It recognizes expenditures in the period that they become measurable, funded through available resources and payable within a current period.

#### Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the district-wide financial statements. However, the governmental fund financial statements focus on shorter term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year for spending in future years. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's operations and the services it provides.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of district-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the district-wide financial statements. By doing so, you may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund Balance Sheet and the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains five individual governmental funds: general fund, special aid fund, school lunch fund, debt service fund and capital projects fund, each of which is considered to be a major fund and is presented separately in the fund financial statements.

# **Fiduciary Funds**

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in its capacity as agent or trustee. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets. The fiduciary activities have been excluded from the District's district-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

# 3. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

#### A. Net Assets

A summary of the District's Statement of Net Assets for June 30, 2010 and 2009 follows.

	2010	2009	Increase (Decrease)	Percentage Change	
Current and Other Assets	\$ 23,416,461	\$ 22,681,059	\$ 735,402	3.24 %	
Capital Assets, Net	23,212,231	23,511,803	(299,572)	(1.27)%	
Total Assets	46,628,692	46,192,862	435,830	0.94 %	
Current and Other Liabilities	5,002,023	5,696,511	(694,488)	(12.19)%	
Long-Term Liabilities	14,941,577	15,058,683	(117,106)	(0.78)%	
Net Other Postemployment					
Benefits Obligation	23,876,221	12,450,197	11,426,024	91.77 %	
Total Liabilities	43,819,821	33,205,391	10,614,430	31.97 %	
Net Assets					
Invested in Capital Assets,					
Net of Related Debt	15,891,337	15,154,206	737,131	4.86 %	
Restricted	6,158,015	5,286,734	871,281	16.48 %	
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(19,240,481)	(7,453,469)	(11,787,012)	158.14 %	
Total Net Assets	\$ 2,808,871	\$ 12,987,471	\$ (10,178,600)	(78.37)%	

Current and other assets increased by \$735,402, as compared to the prior year. The increase is predominantly the result of larger cash balances at year end.

Capital assets, net decreased by \$299,572, as compared to the prior year. The decrease was the result of depreciation net of improvements to facilities. The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements, Note 7 "Capital Assets" provides additional information.

Current and other liabilities decreased by \$694,488, as compared to the prior year. The decrease was primarily attributable to a lower payable to the teachers' retirement system, as a result of a lower contribution rate.

Long-term liabilities decreased by \$117,106, as compared to the prior year. The decrease was primarily the result of the repayment of bond and installment purchase debt, partially offset by increases in the compensated absences and workers' compensation liabilities.

Net other postemployment benefits obligation (OPEB) increased by \$11,426,024, as the current year OPEB cost exceeded contributions in accordance with GASB Statement No. 45. The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements, Note 12 "Postemployment Benefits" provides additional information.

The net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, relates to the investment in capital assets at cost such as – land; construction in progress; buildings and improvements; site improvements; and, furniture and equipment, net of depreciation and related debt. This number increased over the prior year by \$737,131 as follows:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

	(	Increase Decrease)
Capital asset additions - total Principal debt reduction of construction bonds Principal debt reduction of installment puchase debt Depreciation expense	\$	1,737,896 905,000 131,703 (2,037,468)
	\$	737,131

The restricted net assets in the amount of \$6,158,015 relates to the District's capital, repair and debt service reserves. This number increased over the prior year by \$871,281 principally due to a Board resolution in funding the capital reserve less expenditures for capital reserve projects, as permitted by voter proposition.

The unrestricted net assets (deficit) in the amount of \$(19,240,481) relates to the balance of the District's net assets. This number includes the District's other reserves and fund balances less unfunded liabilities such as compensated absences and net other postemployment benefits obligation. The deficit increased from the prior year by \$11,787,012 mainly due to the unfunded costs of other postemployment benefits.

The Districts total net assets decreased by \$10,178,600; \$2,808,871 at June 30, 2010, compared to \$12,987,471 at June 30, 2009.

#### **B.** Changes in Net Assets

The results of this year's operations as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities in a programmatic format in the accompanying financial statements. In the accompanying financial statements STAR (school tax relief) revenue is included in the other tax items line. However, in this MD&A, STAR revenue has been combined with property taxes. A summary of this statement for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 is as follows:

	2010		2009	 Increase (Decrease)	Percentage Change
Revenues					
Program Revenues					
Charges for Services	\$	956,385	\$ 1,136,487	\$ (180,102)	(15.85)%
Operating Grants		6,606,424	4,014,639	2,591,785	64.56 %
General Revenues					
Real Property Taxes and STAR		89,474,039	88,300,481	1,173,558	1.33 %
State Sources		11,194,487	13,044,040	(1,849,553)	(14.18)%
Other		1,565,313	 2,475,798	 (910,485)	(36.78)%
Total Revenues		109,796,648	108,971,445	 825,203	0.76 %
Expenses					
General Support		13,056,846	13,912,394	(855,548)	(6.15)%
Instruction		96,328,691	93,663,003	2,665,688	2.85 %
Pupil Transportation		8,562,084	8,550,875	11,209	0.13 %
Debt Service - Interest		434,970	744,876	(309,906)	(41.61)%
Food Service Program		1,592,657	1,483,049	 109,608	7.39 %
Total Expenses		119,975,248	118,354,197	 1,621,051	1.37 %
Change in Net Assets	\$_	(10,178,600)	 (9,382,752)	 (795,848)	8.48 %

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

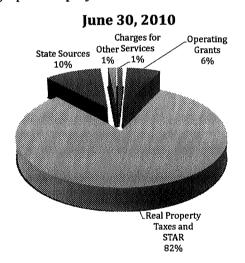
The District's net assets decreased by \$10,178,600 and \$9,382,752 for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

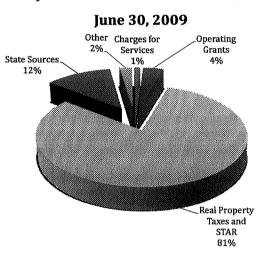
The District's revenues increased by \$825,203 or 0.76%. The main area of increase was operating grants, which increased by \$2,591,785. This was offset by decreases in state aid and other revenue. State aid was reduced statewide and replaced with a federal grant from the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act. The prior year included other revenue funds from the library to cover the debt service bonds issued by the District for library construction. The bond was paid in full in 2009.

The District's expenses increased by \$1,621,051 or 1.37%.

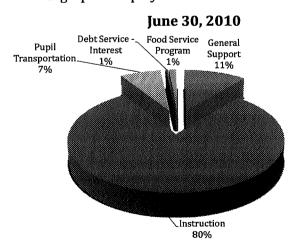
As indicated on the pie charts that follow, real property taxes and STAR comprise the largest component of revenues recognized, 82% and 81% of the total for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. Instructional expenses is the largest category of expenses incurred, comprising 80% and 79% of the total for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

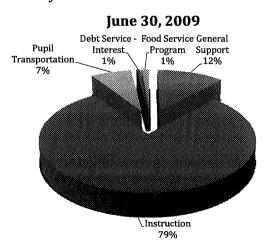
A graphic display of the distribution of revenues for the two years follows:





A graphic display of the distribution of expenses for the two years follows:





MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

# 4. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

At June 30, 2010, the District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$17,511,631, which is an increase of \$1,997,627 over the prior year. This increase is due to an excess of revenues over expenditures based on the modified accrual basis of accounting. A summary of the change in fund balance by fund is as follows:

	2010		2009		 Changes
General Fund					
Reserve for Encumbrances	\$	403,421	\$	371,694	\$ 31,727
Reserved for:					04 = 04
Workers' Compensation		3,385,735		3,304,214	81,521
Unemployment Insurance		66,776		4 000 050	66,776
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability		1,344,769		1,338,079	6,690
Capital		4,056,230		2,046,000	2,010,230
Repairs		121,404		80,800	40,604
Unreserved - Designated for					
subsequent year's expenditures		1,915,000		1,430,000	485,000
Unreserved - Undesignated		4,351,462		4,190,845	 160,617
		15,644,797		12,761,632	 2,883,165
School Lunch Fund					
Reserve for Encumbrances		688			688
Reserve for Inventory		8,931		12,091	(3,160)
Unreserved - Undesignated		141,186		215,291	(74,105)
Omeserved ondesignates		150,805		227,382	(76,577)
Debt Service Fund					
Reserve for Debt		245,452		244,636	 816
Capital Projects Fund					
Reserve for Encumbrances		362,387		1,665,294	(1,302,907)
Reserve for Capital		1,418,535		1,739,088	(320,553)
Unreserved - Undesignated (Deficit)		(310,345)		(1,124,028)	813,683
OW SOOT AND CHARGE (= -11016)		1,470,577		2,280,354	 (809,777)
Total Fund Balance	\$	17,511,631	\$	15,514,004	\$ 1,997,627

# A. General Fund

The general fund - fund balance increased by \$2,883,165, as a result of revenues in excess of expenditures. Of this surplus, \$2,000,000 was transferred to the reserve for capital, \$65,000 was transferred to the reserve for workers' compensation, \$40,000 was transferred to the reserve for repairs and \$66,776 was transferred to the reserve for unemployment.

#### **B. School Lunch Fund**

The school lunch fund - fund balance decreased by \$76,577. This was the amount of the net operating loss in the program.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

#### C. Debt Service Fund

The debt service fund - fund balance increased by \$816, as a result of interest earnings on bond proceeds. These interest earnings will be used for debt service on the related debt.

# D. Capital Projects Fund

The capital projects fund - fund balance decreased by \$809,777. This was the result of \$1,642,105 of expenditures for capital improvements for the year and a transfer of unspent project funding of \$119,736, net of \$952,064 of revenue from EXCEL aid.

# 5. GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

# A. 2009-10 Budget

The District's general fund adopted budget for the year ended June 30, 2010, was \$104,814,259. This amount was increased by encumbrances carried forward from the prior year in the amount of \$371,694 and budget revisions of \$247,117, for a total final budget of \$105,433,070.

The budget was funded through a combination of revenues and designated fund balance. The majority of this funding source was \$89,473,256 in property taxes and STAR receipts. The budget revisions were funded by a grant and donations.

# B. Change in General Fund's Unreserved - Undesignated Fund Balance (Budget to Actual)

The general fund's unreserved – undesignated fund balance is the component of total fund balance that is the residual of prior years' excess revenues over expenditures, net of transfers to reserves and designations to fund the subsequent year's budget. It is this balance that is commonly referred to as the "fund balance". The change in this balance demonstrated through a comparison of the actual revenues and expenditures for the year compared to budget follows:

Opening, Unreserved - Undesignated Fund Balance	\$ 4,190,845
Revenues Over Budget	344,715
Expenditures and Encumbrances Under Budget	3,936,723
Net Change in Reserves	(2,205,821)
Appropriated for June 30, 2011 Budget	 (1,915,000)
Closing, Unreserved - Undesignated Fund Balance	 4,351,462

# Opening, Unreserved - Undesignated Fund Balance

The \$4,190,845 shown in the table is the portion of the District's June 30, 2009 fund balance that was retained as undesignated. This was 4% of the District's 2009-10 approved operating budget of \$104,814,259. It is the maximum undesignated fund balance permitted by law.

# **Revenues Over Budget**

The 2009-10 final budget for revenues was \$103,631,376. Actual revenues received for the year were \$103,976,091. The excess of actual revenues over estimated or budgeted revenues was \$344,715. The District's recognized revenues in excess of that anticipated primarily in miscellaneous revenues, which

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

includes reimbursement of Medicare D, donations and refunds of prior year's expenditures. These were partially offset by the lower than expected revenues from use of money and property. State aid was significantly lower than budgeted, but it was fully offset by a federal grant. Revenues over budget contribute directly to the change to the undesignated portion of the general fund - fund balance from June 30, 2009 to June 30, 2010.

# **Expenditures and Encumbrances Under Budget**

The 2009-10 final budget for expenditures, including budget revisions and prior year open encumbrances was \$105,433,070. Actual expenditures as of June 30, 2010 were \$101,092,926 and outstanding encumbrances were \$403,421. Combined, the expenditures plus encumbrances for 2009-10 was \$101,496,347. The final budget was under expended by \$3,936,723. The majority of this under expenditure was in the instruction and employee benefits areas. Expenditures and encumbrances under budget contribute directly to the change to the undesignated portion of the general fund - fund balance from June 30, 2009 to June 30, 2010.

# **Net Change in Reserves**

Monies transferred from budget lines within the general fund operating budget into reserves such as the workers' compensation reserve, the employee benefit accrued liability reserve, the capital reserve, or the repair reserve do not affect the combined reserved, designated and undesignated fund balance unless, and until these monies are actually expended. The transfers do, however, reduce the District's discretion regarding the use of these transferred monies, and thus, reduce the undesignated portion of the fund balance by the amount of the transfers.

The figure of \$(2,205,821) in the above table reflects the net interest earnings in the workers' compensation, employee benefit accrued liability, capital and repair reserves of \$34,045 and transfers to reserves: \$40,000 to the repair reserve, \$65,000 to the workers' compensation reserve, \$66,776 to the unemployment reserve and \$2,000,000 to the capital reserve.

# **Appropriated Fund Balance**

The District has chosen to use \$1,915,000 of its available June 30, 2010 fund balance to partially fund its 2010-11 approved operating budget.

# Closing, Unreserved - Undesignated Fund Balance

Based upon the summary changes shown in the above table, the District will begin the 2010-11 fiscal year with an undesignated fund balance of \$4,351,462. This is an increase of \$160,617 as compared to the prior year. This undesignated portion is at the permissible 4.0% statutory maximum.

#### 6. CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

# A. Capital Assets

At June 30, 2010, the District had \$23,212,231 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land; construction in progress; buildings and improvements; site improvements; and, furniture and equipment. This amount represents a net decrease of \$299,572 from the prior year. See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements, Note 7 "Capital Assets" for additional information. A summary of the District's capital assets, net of depreciation at June 30, 2010 and 2009, is as follows:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

	 2010	 2009	Increase Decrease)
Land	\$ 1,545,142	\$ 1,545,142	\$
Construction in progress	42,520	585,050	(542,530)
Buildings and improvements	17,105,487	16,746,306	359,181
Site improvements	3,430,345	3,644,760	(214,415)
Furniture and equipment	 1,088,737	990,545	98,192
Capital assets, net	\$ 23,212,231	\$ 23,511,803	\$ (299,572)

Capital additions for the year ended June 30, 2010, were \$1,737,896. Depreciation expense for the year was \$2,037,468.

#### **B.** Debt Administration

At June 30, 2010, the District had total bonds payable of \$5,465,000. The bonds were issued for school building improvements. The decrease in outstanding bonds represents principal payments on all outstanding bonds of \$905,000. A summary of the outstanding bonds at June 30, 2010 and 2009 is as follows:

Issue Date	Interest Rate		2010		2009	Increase Decrease)
May 1998 September 2006	4.0 - 5.5% 4.125 - 4.25%	\$	2,590,000 2,875,000	\$	3,375,000 2,995,000	\$ (785,000) (120,000)
		_\$_	5,465,000	_\$_	6,370,000	\$ (905,000)

At June 30, 2010, the District had installment purchase debt outstanding of \$1,855,894. This is a decrease from the prior year of \$131,703. The final maturity on this installment debt is 2021.

Included in the District's long-term liabilities are the estimated amounts due for compensated absences and workers' compensation. The compensated absence liability of \$4,831,123 is based on employee sick and vacation time through June 30, 2010 and the applicable rates and limitations outlined in the various contracts. The workers' compensation liability of \$2,789,560 is based on an actuarial valuation of the District's claims prepared at June 30, 2009 and is adjusted for the current year activity.

Moody's Investors Service, Inc. has assigned a credit rating of Aa2 to the District's debt. The District's total outstanding indebtedness did not exceed the District's debt limit, which is defined as 10% of the full valuation of the taxable real property within the District.

# 7. ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The general fund budget, the only fund with a legally adopted budget, as approved by the voters for the year ending June 30, 2011 is \$108,786,539. This is an increase of \$3,972,280 or 3.79% over the previous year's budget. The increase is predominantly in the instruction and employee benefits components of the budget.

The District budgeted revenues at an \$801,673 increase over the prior year's estimate. The budget reflects an increase in property tax revenues of 3.54%. The District chose to appropriate \$1,915,000 of unreserved – undesignated fund balance in the June 30, 2011 budget.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

# 8. CONTACTING THE DISTRICT

This financial report is designed to provide the reader with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the funds it receives. Requests for additional information can be directed to:

Mr. David H. Grackin Assistant Superintendent, Finance & Management Services Huntington Union Free School District 50 Tower Street Huntington Station, New York 11746

# HUNTINGTON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2010

ASSETS		10.007.042
Cash	•	18,807,942
Receivables		556,431
Accounts receivable		3,506,246
Due from other governments		536,911
Other assets		
Inventory		8,931
Capital assets not being depreciated		1,587,662
Capital assets being depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation		21,624,569
Total Assets	3	46,628,692
LIABILITIES		
Payables		
Accounts payable	\$	617,320
Accrued liabilities		641,988
Retained percentages		73,368
Due to other governments		1,955
Due to teachers' retirement system		3,169,842
Due to employees' retirement system		405,041
Compensated absences payable		92,509
Long-term liabilities		
Due and payable within one year		
Bonds payable		950,000
Installment purchase debt		137,072
Compensated absences payable		255,000
Workers' compensation liabilities		550,000
Due and payable after one year		·
Bonds payable		4,515,000
Installment purchase debt		1,718,822
Compensated absences payable		4,576,123
Workers' compensation liabilities		2,239,560
Net other postemployment benefits obligation		23,876,221
Het duici postemproyment benenta obligation		
Total Liabilities		43,819,821
NET ASSETS		
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt		15,891,337
Restricted for capital		5,791,159
Restricted for repairs		121,404
Restricted for debt service		245,452
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(19,240,481)
Total Net Assets		2,808,871
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	46,628,692

# **Statement of Activities**

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

				Program	Rever	nnes		et (Expense) Revenue and
			Ch	arges for		Operating	•	Changes in
	•	Expenses		ervices		Grants	Net Assets	
NVNVORTONIC /DD O CD ANG								
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Governmental Activities:								
General support	\$	13,056,846	\$		\$		\$	(13,056,846)
Instruction	Ψ	96,328,691	Ψ	312,693	4	5,730,807	4	(90,285,191)
Pupil transportation		8,562,084		012,010		0,. 00,00.		(8,562,084)
Debt service - interest		434,970						(434,970)
Food service program		1,592,657		643,692		875,617		(73,348)
1 00 0 00 1 1 1 0 P 1 0 P 1 1 1 1	***************************************		-		•			
Total Governmental Activities		119,975,248	\$	956,385	\$	6,606,424		(112,412,439)
GENERAL REVENUES								
Real property taxes								80,141,906
Other tax items								9,491,310
Use of money and property								259,722
Sale of property and compensation for loss								2,376
Miscellaneous						. •		1,144,038
State sources								11,194,487
Total General Revenues								102,233,839
Change in Net Assets								(10,178,600)
Total Net Assets - Beginning of year								12,987,471
Total Net Assets - End of year		-					\$	2,808,871

# HUNTINGTON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

June 30, 2010

		General	Special Aid	<del></del>	School Lunch	 Debt Service		Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS						0.45 450	Α.	(25.250	ф 10.007.042
Cash	\$	17,125,956	\$ 723,066	\$	88,218	\$ 245,452	\$	625,250	\$ 18,807,942
Receivables Accounts receivable		556,431							556,431
Due from other funds		2,960,397						1,447,644	4,408,041
Due from other governments		1,780,064	1,304,574		85,774			335,834	3,506,246
Other assets		536,911							536,911
Inventory			 		8,931	 			8,931
Total Assets	_\$_	22,959,759	 2,027,640	\$	182,923	\$ 245,452		2,408,728	\$ 27,824,502
LIABILITIES									
Payables									
Accounts payable	\$	587,157	\$	\$	30,163	\$	\$		\$ 617,320
Accrued liabilities		553,743							553,743
Retained percentages								73,368	73,368
Due to other funds		1,851,452	2,027,640		4.055			528,949	4,408,041 1,955
Due to other governments		3,169,842			1,955				3,169,842
Due to teachers' retirement system  Due to employees' retirement system		405,042							405,041
Compensated absences payable		92,509							92,509
Deferred Credits		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,							
Deferred revenues		655,218	 					335,834	991,052
Total Liabilities		7,314,962	 2,027,640		32,118	_		938,151	10,312,871
FUND BALANCES			-						
Reserved for:									
Encumbrances		403,421			688			362,387	766,496
Workers' Compensation		3,385,735							3,385,735
Unemployment Insurance		66,776							66,776
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability		1,344,769						1 /10 525	1,344,769 5,474,765
Capital		4,056,230 121,404						1,418,535	121,404
Repairs Debt Service		121,404				245,452			245,452
Inventory					8,931	,		•	8,931
Unreserved - Designated for subsequent					•				
year's expenditures		1,915,000							1,915,000
Unreserved - Undesignated (Deficit)		4,351,462			141,186	 		(310,345)	4,182,303
Total Fund Balances		15,644,797	 -		150,805	 245,452		1,470,577	17,511,631
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	22,959,759	\$ 2,027,640	<u>\$</u>	182,923	 245,452		2,408,728	\$ 27,824,502

# HUNTINGTON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2010

**Total Governmental Fund Balances** 

\$ 17,511,631

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

The cost of building and acquiring capital assets (land, buildings, equipment) financed from the governmental funds are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred, and the assets do not appear on the Balance Sheet. However, the statement of net assets includes those capital assets among the assets of the District as a whole, and their original costs are expensed annually over their useful lives.

Original cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation \$ 55,546,481 (32,334,250)

23,212,231

Some of the District's revenues will be collected after year end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore are deferred in the governmental funds.

991,052

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:

Accrued interest on bonds payable
Bonds payable
Installment purchase debt
Compensated absences
Workers' compensation liabilities
Net other postemployment benefits obligation

(88,245) (5,465,000) (1,855,894) (4,831,123)

(2,789,560) (23,876,221)

(38,906,043)

**Total Net Assets** 

\$ 2,808,871

# HUNTINGTON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

-	General	Special Aid	School Lunch	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES						
Real property taxes	\$ 80,141,906	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 80,141,906
Other tax items	9,491,310					9,491,310
Charges for services	442,201			04.6		442,201
Use of money and property	258,906			816		259,722
Sale of property	0.056					2,376
and compensation for loss	2,376		16 502			1,102,234
Miscellaneous	1,085,731	1 100 175	16,503		952,064	12,926,579
State sources	10,757,149	1,180,175	37,191		952,004	5,331,287
Federal sources	1,672,954	2,877,678	780,655			57,771
Surplus food			57,771 627,180			627,189
Sales - school lunch			627,189			027,109
Total Revenues	103,852,533	4,057,853	1,519,309	816	952,064	110,382,575
EXPENDITURES					<i>&gt;</i>	
General support	9,452,843					9,452,843
Instruction	60,029,440	4,055,898				64,085,338
Pupil transportation	8,297,893	185,824				8,483,717
Employee benefits	21,635,197					21,635,197
Debt service	•					
Principal	131,703			905,000		1,036,703
Interest	169,925			283,234		453,159
Cost of sales			1,595,886			1,595,886
Capital outlay		-			1,642,105	1,642,105
Total Expenditures	99,717,001	4,241,722	1,595,886	1,188,234	1,642,105	108,384,948
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	4,135,532	(183,869)	(76,577)	(1,187,418)	(690,041)	1,997,627
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (US	ES)					
Operating transfers in	123,558	187,691		1,188,234		1,499,483
Operating transfers (out)	(1,375,925)	(3,822)			(119,736)	(1,499,483)
Total Other Finencing						
Total Other Financing	(1,252,367)	183,869		1,188,234	(119,736)	_
Sources and (Uses)	(1,252,367)	103,009		1,100,234	(119,730)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,883,165	-	(76,577)	816	(809,777)	1,997,627
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	12,761,632		227,382	244,636	2,280,354	15,514,004
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 15,644,797	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 150,805	\$ 245,452	\$ 1,470,577	\$ 17,511,631

# Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 1,997,627
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Long-Term Revenue and Expense Differences	
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. This is the net amount by which deferred revenues decreased in the period.	(585,926)
In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	
Increase in compensated absences liability Increase in workers' compensation liabilities Increase in net other postemployment benefit obligation  \$ (684,542) (235,055) (11,426,024)	(12,345,621)
Capital Related Differences	
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are capitalized and shown in the Statement of Net Assets and allocated over their useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the Statement of of Activities. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the period.	
Capital outlays Depreciation expense 1,737,896 (2,037,468)	
Long-Term Debt Transaction Differences	(299,572)
Repayment of long-term debt is an expenditure in governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets and does not affect the Statement of Activities.	
Decrease in bonds payable Decrease in installment purchase debt 905,000 131,703	1,036,703
Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. This is the amount by which accrued interest decreased from June 30, 2009 to June 30, 2010.	18,189
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ (10,178,600)

# **HUNTINGTON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT** Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets -Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2010

		Agency	Private Purpose Trusts
ASSETS Cash	_\$	382,757	\$ 926,671
Total Assets		382,757	\$ 926,671
	•		
<b>LIABILITIES</b> Extraclassroom activity balances Other liabilities	\$	207,361 175,396	\$
Total Liabilities		382,757	-
NET ASSETS			
Reserved for scholarships Expendable trust funds			166,493
Non-expendable trust funds			760,178
Total Liabilities and Net Assets			\$ 926,671

# HUNTINGTON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Private Purpose Trusts
ADDITIONS Miscellaneous Investment earnings	\$ 58,501 2,042
Total Additions	60,543
<b>DEDUCTIONS</b> Scholarships and awards	11,600
Change in Net Assets	48,943
Net Assets - Beginning of year	877,728
Net Assets - End of Year	\$ 926,671

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Huntington Union Free School District (District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Significant accounting principles and policies used by the District are as follows:

# A. Reporting Entity

The District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of seven members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The financial reporting entity is based on criteria set forth by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity* and No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, there are no other entities which would be included in the District's reporting entity and a component until. However, the following is included in the District's financial statements.

# **Extraclassroom Activity Funds**

The extraclassroom activity funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The extraclassroom activity funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. The District reports these assets held by it as agent for the extraclassroom organizations in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets - Fiduciary Fund. Separate audited financial statements of the extraclassroom activity funds can be found at the District's business office.

# **B.** Joint Venture

The District is one of 18 component school districts in the Board of Cooperative Educational Services of Western Suffolk (BOCES). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that share planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. BOCES are organized under Section §1950 of the Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of Section §1950 of the Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation under Section §1950(6). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under Section §119-n(a) of the General Municipal Law. A BOCES budget is comprised of separate

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment as defined in Education Law, Section §1950(4)(b)(7). There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component. In addition, component school districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

#### C. Basis of Presentation

#### **District-Wide Financial Statements**

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities present information about the overall governmental financial activities of the District, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of interfund transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, state aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and nonexchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the financial position of the District at fiscal year end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants, contributions, and other revenues that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including real property taxes and state aid, are presented as general revenues.

# **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category, governmental and fiduciary, are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds as defined by GASB, each displayed in a separate column. The District's financial statements reflect the following major fund categories:

# **Governmental Funds:**

**General Fund** - is the general operating fund and is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

**Special Aid Fund** - is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources such as federal and state grants that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These legal restrictions may be imposed by either governments that provide the funds or outside parties.

School Lunch Fund - is used to account for the activities of the school lunch operations.

**Debt Service Fund** - accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental activities.

**Capital Projects Fund** – is used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, or major repair of capital facilities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

**Fiduciary Funds** – are used to account for activities in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the district-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used. There are two classes of fiduciary funds:

**Agency Funds** - These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds and for payroll or employee withholding.

**Private Purpose Trust Funds** - These funds are used to account for trust arrangements in which principal and income benefits annual third party awards and scholarships for students. Established criteria govern the use of the funds and members of the District or representatives of the donors may serve on committees to determine who benefits.

# D. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The district-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported on the accrual basis of accounting using the economic resources measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include real property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from real property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied and the related expenditures are incurred.

The fund statements are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting using the current financial resources measurement focus. Revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 180 days after the end of the fiscal year, except for real property taxes, which are considered to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, compensated absences, and other postemployment benefits, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

# E. Real Property Taxes

# <u>Calendar</u>

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board no later than November 1<sup>st</sup> and become a lien on December 1<sup>st</sup>. Taxes are collected by the Town of Huntington and remitted to the District from December to June.

# **Enforcement**

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by Suffolk County.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### F. Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these Notes to Financial Statements.

#### F. Interfund Transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include to provide financing or other services. This includes the transfer of unrestricted general fund revenues to finance various programs that the District must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

In the district-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Assets for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds, with the exception of those due from or to the fiduciary funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables are netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

A detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, transfers in and transfers out activity is provided subsequently in these Notes to Financial Statements.

# G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including compensated absences, other postemployment benefits, workers' compensation, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

# H. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, bank deposits and investments with a maturity date of three months or less from date of acquisition.

#### I. Receivables

Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles, if any. However, no allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

# J. Inventory

Inventory of food in the school lunch fund is recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or in the case of surplus food donated by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, at the Government's assigned value, which approximates market. These inventories are accounted for on the purchases method. A reserve for inventory has been recognized to indicate that this does not constitute available spendable resources.

Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount.

# K. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reflected in the district-wide financial statements. Capital assets are reported at actual cost, when the information is available, or estimated historical cost based on professional third-party information. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

All capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives. Capitalization thresholds, the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts, and estimated useful lives of capital assets as reported in the district-wide statements are as follows:

	-	italization reshold	Estimated Useful Life	
Buildings and improvements	\$	50,000	50 years	
Site improvements		25,000	20 years	
Furniture and equipment		1,000	5-20 years	

#### L. Deferred Revenues

Deferred revenues in the governmental funds arise when potential revenues do not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenues also arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both recognition criteria are met, or when the District has legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenues is removed and revenues are recognized.

# M. Vested Employee Benefits - Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated sick leave and vacation time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in collective bargaining agreements and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave or a credit towards their health insurance obligation.

Vacation eligibility and accumulation is specified in collective bargaining agreements and in individual employment contracts. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Consistent with GASB Statement No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, the liability has been calculated using the vesting method and an accrual for that liability is included in the district-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year-end.

In the fund financial statements only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the general fund based upon expendable and available financial resources.

# N. Other Benefits

Eligible District employees participate in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System or the New York State Employees' Retirement System.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides post-employment health insurance coverage and survivor benefits for retired employees and their survivors. Collective bargaining agreements determine if District employees are eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits is shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure in the general fund, in the year paid.

#### O. Short-Term Debt

The District may issue tax anticipation notes (TAN), in anticipation of the receipt of revenues. These notes are recorded as a liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The TANs represent a liability that will be extinguished by the use of expendable, available resources of the fund.

The District may issue bond anticipation notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that BANs issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date.

# P. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due and payable within one year or due and payable after one year in the Statement of Net Assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

# Q. Equity Classifications

#### **District-Wide Statements**

In the district-wide statements there are three classes of net assets:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, constructions or improvements of those assets.

Restricted net assets – reports net assets when constraints placed on the assets are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District reports three restricted, net assets categories: restricted for capital, restricted for repairs, and restricted for debt service.

Unrestricted net assets – reports all other net assets that do not meet the definition of the above two classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the District.

# **Fund Statements**

Unreserved fund balance consists of two classifications. First, a designation of unreserved fund balance indicates the planned use of these resources in the subsequent year's budget. Second, the undesignated portion reports remaining fund balance that has not been designated or reserved. NYS Real Property Tax Law §1318, as amended with an effective date of July 1, 2007, restricts the unreserved, undesignated fund balance of the general fund to an amount not greater than 4% of the subsequent year's budget.

Fund balance reserves are created to satisfy legal restrictions, plan for future expenditures or relate to resources not available for general use or appropriation. These reserve funds are established through Board action or voter approval and a separate identity must be maintained for each reserve. Earnings on the invested resources become part of the respective reserve funds; however, separate bank accounts are not necessary for each reserve fund. Fund balance reserves currently in use by the District include the following:

# Reserve for Encumbrances

Reserve for encumbrances represents the amount of outstanding encumbrances at the end of the fiscal year. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund, school lunch fund and capital projects fund.

#### Workers' Compensation Reserve

Workers' compensation reserve (GML §6-j) is used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

# Unemployment Insurance Reserve

Unemployment Insurance Reserve (GML §6-m) is used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund. This reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

#### Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve

Reserve for employee benefit accrued liability (GML §6-p) is used to reserve funds for the payment of accrued employee benefit due an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

# Reserve for Capital

Capital reserve (Education Law §3651) is used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve; the ultimate amount, its probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditure may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for the required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law. This reserve is accounted for in the general fund until the voters approve the spending, at which time it is transferred to the capital projects fund.

# Repair Reserve

Repair Reserve (GML §6-d) is used to pay the cost of repairs to capital improvements or equipment, which repairs are of a type not recurring annually. The Board of Education without voter approval may establish a repair reserve fund by a majority vote of its members. Voter approval is required to fund this reserve (Opinion of the New York State Comptroller 81-401). Expenditures from this reserve may be made only after a public hearing has been held, except in emergency situations. If no hearing is held, the amount expended must be repaid to the reserve fund over the next two subsequent fiscal years. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

# Reserve for Debt Service

Mandatory reserve for debt service (GML §6-I) is used to establish a reserve for the purpose of retiring the outstanding obligations upon the sale of District property or capital improvement that was financed by obligations that remain outstanding at the time of sale. The funding of the reserve is from the proceeds of the sale of District property or capital improvement. Unexpended balances of proceeds of borrowings for capital projects; interest and earnings from investing proceeds of obligations, and premium and accrued interest are recorded in the Reserve for Debt and held until appropriated for debt payments. The reserve is accounted for in the debt service fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

# Reserve for Inventory

Reserve for inventory is used to restrict that portion of fund balance, which is not available for appropriation. The reserve is accounted for in the school lunch fund.

#### Reserve for Scholarships

Reserve for scholarships is used to account for monies donated for scholarship purposes, net of earnings and awards. The reserve is accounted for in the private purpose trust funds.

# 2. <u>EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND</u> THE DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the governmental fund statements and the district-wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items. The differences result primarily from the economic resource measurement focus of the Statement of Activities, compared with the current financial resource measurement focus of the governmental funds.

#### A. Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds vs. Net Assets of Governmental Activities

Total fund balances of the District's governmental funds differ from "net assets" of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Assets. This difference primarily results from the additional long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Assets versus the solely current financial resources focus of the governmental fund Balance Sheet.

# B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities

Differences between the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and the Statement of Activities fall into one of three broad categories.

# **Long-Term Revenue and Expense Differences**

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available", whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities.

# **Capital Related Differences**

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds for the sale of capital assets reported on fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the fund statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

# **Long-Term Debt Transaction Differences**

Long-term debt transaction differences occur because the issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but is recorded as a liability in the Statement of Net Assets. In addition, both interest and principal are recorded as expenditures in the fund statements when due and payable, whereas interest expense is recorded in the Statement of Activities as it accrues, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets.

# 3. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

# A. Budgets

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the general fund, the only fund with a legally adopted budget.

The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget for the general fund.

Appropriations are adopted at the program line item level.

Appropriations established by the adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) that may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. The following supplemental appropriations occurred during the year:

Contingent expenditures funded by grant Contingent expenditures funded by donations	\$ 190,000 57,117
	\$ 247,117

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital project funds expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

# **B.** Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as reservations of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

# C. Capital Projects Fund

The capital projects fund shows an unreserved deficit fund balance of \$310,345. This will be funded upon the receipt of state aid, which is anticipated to be collected in 2010-11.

# 4. DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INVESTMENTS

The District's investment policies are governed by state statutes and District policy. Resources must be deposited in Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the state. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities. Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its Agencies and obligations of New York State and its municipalities. Investments are stated at fair value.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. GASB directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are as follows:

- A. Uncollateralized,
- B. Collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution, or
- C. Collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

None of the District's aggregate bank balances, not covered by depository insurance, were exposed to custodial credit risk as described above at year-end.

Cash reflected in the Private Purpose Trusts includes restricted cash where use is limited by legal requirements. Restricted cash as of year end is \$760,178.

# **Investment pool**

The District participates in a multi-municipal cooperative investment pool agreement pursuant to New York State General Municipal Law Article 5-G, §119-O, whereby it holds a portion of the investments in cooperation with other participants. The investments are highly liquid and are considered to be cash equivalents.

Total investments of the cooperative as of year-end are \$672,607,829, which consisted of \$327,630,555 in collateralized repurchase agreements, \$244,977,274 in U.S. Treasury Securities and \$100,000,000 in collateralized bank deposits, with various interest rates and due dates.

The following amounts are included as cash:

Fund		Carrying Amount		
Capital Fund Fiduciary Funds	\$	100,000 926,672		
	\$	1,026,672		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The above amounts represent the cost of the investment pool shares, and are considered to approximate market value. The investment pool is categorically exempt from the New York State collateral requirements. Additional information concerning the cooperative is presented in the annual report of New York CLASS – Board of Cooperative Educational Services of Putnam/Northern Westchester, 200 BOCES Drive, Yorktown Heights, New York 10596-4399.

# 5. PARTICIPATION IN BOCES

During the year ended June 30, 2010, the District was billed \$7,553,453 for BOCES administrative and program costs. The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$909,030. Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative offices at 507 Deer Park Road, P.O. Box 8007, Huntington Station, NY 11746-9007.

# 6. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Due from other governments at June 30, 2010 consisted of:

General Fund Federal stabilization aid New York State aid BOCES aid	\$ 747,569 619,216 413,279
	1,780,064
Special Aid Fund Federal and State grants	1,304,574
School Lunch Fund Federal and State food service program reimbursements	85,774
Capital Projects Fund EXCEL aid from New York State	335,834
	\$ 3,506,246

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

# 7. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2010, were as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2009	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2010
Governmental activities Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 1,545,142	\$	\$	\$ 1,545,142
Construction in progress	585,050	42,520	(585,050)	42,520
Total capital assets				
not being depreciated	2,130,192	42,520	(585,050)	1,587,662
Capital assets being depreciated				40.005.440
Buildings and improvements	40,290,002	1,917,410		42,207,412
Site improvements	4,712,037	18,002		4,730,039
Furniture and equipment	6,703,791	345,014	(27,437)	7,021,368
Total capital assets				
being depreciated	51,705,830	2,280,426	(27,437)	53,958,819
Language and demonstration for				
Less accumulated depreciation for:	23,543,696	1,558,229		25,101,925
Buildings and improvements	1,067,277	232,417		1,299,694
Site improvements		246,822	(27,437)	5,932,631
Furniture and equipment	5,713,246	2,037,468	(27,437)	32,334,250
Total accumulated depreciation	30,324,219	2,037,400	(27,437)	32,331,230
Total capital assets,				
being depreciated, net	21,381,611	242,958		21,624,569
Capital assets, net	\$ 23,511,803	\$ 285,478	\$ (585,050)	\$ 23,212,231

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General support	\$ 39,866
Instruction	1,984,670
Food service program	 12,932
Total depreciation expense	\$ 2,037,468

# 8. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund balances and activities at June 30, 2010, are as follows:

	Interfund							
	Receivable		Payable		Transfers In		Transfers Out	
General Fund Special Aid Fund Debt Service Fund	\$	2,960,397	\$	1,851,452 2,027,640	\$	123,558 187,691 1,188,234	\$	1,375,925 3,822
Capital Projects Fund		1,447,644		528,949				119,736
Total	_\$_	4,408,041	\$	4,408,041	\$	1,499,483		1,499,483

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The District typically transfers from the general fund to the special aid fund and the debt service fund in accordance with the general fund budget. The transfer to the special aid fund was for the District's share of the costs for the summer handicapped program. The transfer to the debt service fund was for repayment of principal and interest on outstanding bond indebtedness.

The transfer from the capital projects fund to the general fund was the result of unspent amounts from completed projects. The transfer from the special aid fund to the general fund was for general fund program expenses covered by grant funding.

#### 9. SHORT-TERM DEBT

Transactions in short-term debt for the year are summarized below:

	Maturity	Interest Rate	Balance June 30, 2009	Issued	Redeemed	Balance June 30, 2010
TAN	6/25/10	1.5%	\$	\$ 25,000,000	\$ (25,000,000)	\$

Interest expense on short-term debt for the year was \$88,911, net of a premium of \$202,756.

#### 10. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following table summarizes the changes in long-term liabilities for the year:

	<u>Ju</u>	Balance ne 30, 2009	 Additions		Reductions	_ <u>Ju</u>	Balance ine 30, 2010	D	Amounts ue Within One Year
Long-term debt:									
Bonds payable	\$	6,370,000	\$	\$	(905,000)	\$	5,465,000	\$	950,000
Installment purchase debt		1,987,597			(131,703)		1,855,894		137,072
Other long-term liabilities:									
Compensated absences		4,146,581	684,542				4,831,123		255,000
Workers' compensation		2,554,505	 805,791		(570,736)		2,789,560		550,000
		15,058,683	 1,490,333	\$_	(1,607,439)	\$	14,941,577	\$	1,892,072

The general fund has typically been used to liquidate other long-term liabilities.

Bonds payable is comprised of the following:

Description	Issue	Final	Interest	Outstanding at
	Date	Maturity	Rate	June 30, 2010
Construction	5/1998	7/2012	4.0 - 5.5%	\$ 2,590,000
Construction	9/2006	6/2026	4.125 - 4.25%	2,875,000
	·	•		\$ 5,465,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The following is a summary of bond debt service requirements:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal			<u>Interest</u>		Interest		Total
2011	\$	950,000	\$	238,475	\$	1,188,475		
2012		990,000		188,013		1,178,013		
2013		1,045,000		134,113		1,179,113		
2014		145,000		103,450		248,450		
2015		150,000		97,469		247,469		
2016-2020		865,000		388,137		1,253,137		
2021-2025		1,075,000		192,619		1,267,619		
2026		245,000		10,412		255,412		
Total	\$	5,465,000	\$	1,352,688	\$	6,817,688		

Installment purchase debt is comprised of the following:

Description	Issue Date	Final Maturity	Interest Rate	Outstanding at June 30, 2010	
Energy Performance Contract	3/2005	6/2021	4.076%	\$ 1,855,894	

The following is a summary of installment purchase debt requirements:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2011	\$	137,072	\$	75,646	\$	212,718
2012		142,659		70,059		212,718
2013		148,473		64,245		212,718
2014		154,525		58,193		212,718
2015		160,823		51,894		212,717
2016-2020		907,955		155,634		1,063,589
2021		204,387		8,331		212,718
Total	\$	1,855,894	\$	484,002	\$	2,339,896

Interest on long-term debt for the year was composed of:

Interest paid	\$ 364,248
Less interest accrued in the prior year	(106,434)
Plus interest accrued in the current year	 88,245
Total interest expense on long-term debt	\$ 346,059

#### 11. PENSION PLANS

#### A. General Information

The District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (NYSTRS) and the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (NYSERS). These are cost-sharing multiple employer, public employee retirement systems. The Systems offer a wide range of plans and benefits which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death, and disability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### **B.** Provisions and Administration

#### Teachers' Retirement System

The NYSTRS is administered by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board. The System provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the Retirement and Social Security Law of the state of New York. The NYSTRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. The report may be obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, NY 12211-2395.

#### **Employees' Retirement System**

The NYSERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law. The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System, Gov. Alfred E. Smith State Office Building, Albany, NY 12244.

#### C. Funding Policies

The Systems are noncontributory for the employee except for those who joined the Systems after July 27, 1976 with less than ten years of credited service, who contribute 3% of their salary. For the NYSERS, the Comptroller shall certify annually the rates expressed as proportions of members' payroll annually, which shall be used in computing the contributions required to be made by employers to the pension accumulation fund. Pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law, rates are established annually for NYSTRS by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board.

The District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The District contributions made to the Systems were equal to 100% of the contributions required for each year. The required contributions for the current year and two preceding years were:

Year	NYSTRS			NYSERS
2010	\$	2,702,020	\$	1,022,023
2009		3,289,991		897,066
2008		3,568,278	•	929,085

#### 12. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

#### A. Plan Description

The District provides medical, Medicare part B, major medical, dental, vision, and term life insurance coverage (the healthcare plan) to retired employees in accordance with employment contracts. The plan is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan primarily administered through the New York State Health Insurance Program – Empire Plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### **B.** Funding Policy

The District assumes between 60% and 100% of the premiums and recognizes the cost of the healthcare plan annually as expenditures in the general fund of the fund financial statements as payments are made. For the year ended June 30, 2010, the District recognized a general fund expenditure of \$5,085,888 for insurance premiums for 626 currently enrolled retirees. Currently, there is no provision in the law to permit the District to fund other postemployment benefits by any means other than the "pay as you go" method.

#### C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The District's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation.

Annual required contribution (ARC) Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to ARC	\$ 16,719,918 498,008 (706,014)
Annual OPEB cost (expense) Contributions made	16,511,912 (5,085,888)
Increase in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	11,426,024 12,450,197
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 23,876,221

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation	
June 30, 2010	\$ 16,511,912	30.8%	\$ 23,876,221	
June 30, 2009	18,000,917	30.8%	12,450,197	

#### D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of July 1, 2009, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 0% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$165,159,018 and the actuarial value of assets was \$-0-, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$165,159,018. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$52,338,096, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 315.6%.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The required schedule of funding progress following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

#### E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The valuation as of July 1, 2009, is an update derived from estimates from the previous valuation based on the fact that there were no material changes to any of the benefit packages, and of the cost sharing structures or the census.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2009, actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4% discount rate and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 9% initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5% after 5 years. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payrolls on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2010 was 28 years.

#### 13. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; injuries to employees; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by a combination of self-insurance reserves and commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded available reserves and commercial insurance coverage for the past three years.

The District has established a self-insured plan for risks associated with workers' compensation claims. Liabilities of the plan are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities should include an amount for reported and unreported claims which were incurred on or before year end but not reported (IBNR). The liability at June 30, 2010 is based on an actuarial valuation using an annual interest rate discount of 3% prepared at June 30, 2008 and is adjusted for each year's activity. Claims activity is summarized below:

	2009		 2010
Unpaid claims at beginning of year Incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses Claim payments	\$	2,916,495 160,703 (522,693)	\$ 2,554,505 805,791 (570,736)
Unpaid claims at year end	\$	2,554,505	 2,789,560

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 14. FUND BALANCES - UNRESERVED: DESIGNATED FOR SUBSEQUENT YEAR'S EXPENDITURES

The amount of \$1,915,000 has been designated as the amount estimated to be appropriated to reduce taxes for the year ending June 30, 2011.

#### 15. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### A. Grants

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the state and federal governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior audits, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

#### **B.** Litigation

The District is involved in lawsuits arising from the normal conduct of its affairs. Some of these lawsuits seek damages which may be in excess of the District's insurance coverage. However, it is not possible to determine the District's potential exposure, if any, at this time.

#### C. Operating Leases

The District leases various equipment under non-cancelable operating leases. Rental expense for the year was \$199,622. The minimum remaining operating lease payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	 Amount			
2011	\$ 169,008			
2012	136,178			
2013	49,331			
2014	11,515			
2015	3,190			
	\$ 369,222			

#### 16. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On September 15, 2010, the District issued tax anticipation notes in the amount of \$25,000,000, which are due June 24, 2011, and bear effective interest rates of 0.36%.

# HUNTINGTON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - General Fund

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual		Final Budget Variance with Actual
REVENUES					
Local Sources					
Real property taxes	\$ 89,473,256	\$ 80,141,123	\$ 80,141,906		\$ 783
Other tax items	145,000	9,477,133	9,491,310		14,177
Charges for services	446,000	446,000	442,201		(3,799)
Use of money and property	369,000	369,000	258,906		(110,094)
Sale of property					
and compensation for loss			2,376		2,376
Miscellaneous	565,000	622,117	1,085,731		463,614
Total Local Sources	90,998,256	91,055,373	91,422,430		367,057
State Sources	12,262,003	10,779,049	10,757,149		(21,900)
Federal Sources		1,672,954	1,672,954		-
Total Revenues	103,260,259	103,507,376	103,852,533	:	345,157
OTHER SOURCES					
Operating transfers in	124,000	124,000	123,558		(442)
Total Revenues and Other Sources	103,384,259	103,631,376	103,976,091		\$ 344,715

#### **Note to Required Supplementary Information**

#### **Budget Basis of Accounting**

Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# HUNTINGTON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - General Fund (Continued)

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Original	Final		Year End	Final Budget Variance with Actual
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Encumbrances	& Encumbrances
EXPENDITURES	9				
General Support					
Board of education	\$ 33,628	\$ 37,128	\$ 24,573	\$	\$ 12,555
Central administration	341,987	343,152	340,683	214	2,255
Finance	1,092,488	1,130,438	1,051,178	60,045	19,215
Staff	895,569	918,539	850,559	18.810	49,170
Central services	6,694,937	6,768,203	6,214,848	99,371	453,984
Special items	865,397	1,057,827	971,002	,	86,825
Total General Support	9,924,006	10,255,287	9,452,843	178,440	624,004
Instruction					
Instruction, administration					
& improvement	4,484,402	4,487,487	4,166,583	9,053	311,851
Teaching - regular school	30,981,245	31,448,316	31,065,951	94,992	287,373
Programs for children	30,701,243	31,770,310	31,003,731	74,772	207,373
with handicapping conditions	17,800,302	18,335,513	18,124,815	81,506	129,192
Occupational education	1,004,195	1,063,695	1,063,690	01,300	5
Teaching - special school	163,496	169,981	166,239		3,742
Instructional media	1,825,268	1,844,623	1,638,186	18,401	188,036
Pupil services	3,968,252	4,050,043	3,803,976	9,485	236,582
i upii services	3,700,232	<del>1,030,013</del>	3,003,770	7,303	230,302
Total Instruction	60,227,160	61,399,658	60,029,440	213,437	1,156,781
Pupil Transportation	8,501,585	8,628,821	8,297,893	11,244	319,684
Employee Benefits	24,150,249	22,891,350	21,635,197	300	1,255,853
Debt Service	424 502	104 700	404 700		
Principal	131,703	131,703	131,703		=
Interest	883,015	750,316	169,925	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	580,391
Total Debt Service	1,014,718	882,019	301,628	-	580,391
Total Expenditures	103,817,718	104,057,135	99,717,001	403,421	3,936,713
Other Uses					
Operating transfers out	1,368,235	1,375,935	1,375,925		10
Operating transfers out	1,300,233	1,373,733	1,373,923		
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	105,185,953	105,433,070	101,092,926	\$ 403,421	\$ 3,936,723
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,801,694)	(1,801,694)	2,883,165		
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	1,801,694	1,801,694	12,761,632		
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,644,797	:	

#### **Note to Required Supplementary Information**

#### **Budget Basis of Accounting**

Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# HUNTINGTON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Funding Progress for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Actuaria	1		Unfunded Actuarial Accrual			UAAL as a Percentage of
Valuation Date	Value of Assets		Accrued Liability	Liability (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	Covered Payroll
July 1, 2009	\$	_	\$ 165,159,018	\$ 165,159,018	0%	\$ 52,338,096	315.6%
July 1, 2008		-	164,463,546	164,463,546	0%	55,488,404	296.4%

### HUNTINGTON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedules of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget And Use of Unreserved Fund Balance - General Fund

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

#### CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET

Adopted Budget	\$ 104,814,259
Additions: Prior year's encumbrances	 371,694
Original Budget	105,185,953
Budget revision	 247,117
Final Budget	\$ 105,433,070
Next year's budget is a voter-approved budget of	 108,786,539
USE OF UNRESERVED FUND BALANCE	
Unreserved Fund Balance - As of the beginning of the year	\$ 5,620,845
Less:  Designated fund balance used for the levy of taxes - Adopted budget	 1,430,000
Undesignated Fund Balance - As of the beginning of the year	\$ 4,190,845

HUNTINGTON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT
Schedule of Project Expenditures Capital Projects Fund
For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

				Expenditures				Methods o	Methods of Financing		Fund
	Budget June 30, 2009	Budget June 30, 2010	Prior Years	Current Year	Total	Unexpended Balance	Proceeds of Obligations	State Aid	Local Sources	Total	Balance June 30, 2010
PROJECT TITLE Capital Reserves:	4 135 000	4 135000	94 548	<del>v</del> s	\$ 94.548	\$ 40.452	€9	₩	\$ 135,000	135,000	\$ 40,452
Juga School - Chemistry Lans Jefferson - Doors				•		37,416			125,000	125,000	37,416
Finley, South Down, Flower Hill Sidewalk and Parking Lot	221,000	221,000	201,454		201,454	19,546			221,000	221,000	19,546
Unallocated	99,644	99,644				99,644			99,644	49,644	79,044
	580,644	580,644	383,586		383,586	197,058			580,644	580,644	197,058
Capital Reserves: Building Improvement Fund - 2003	8,000,000	8,000,000	5,649,760	1,157,157	6,806,917	1,193,083			8,000,000	8,000,000	1,193,083
<b>Capital Reserves:</b> Capital Reserve - 2008	368,000	368,000		23,213	23,213	344,787			368,000	368,000	344,787
Interfund Transfers: Southdown - Cesspools	40,000	40,000	5,143		5,143	34,857			40,000	40,000	34,857 *
Unallocated	54,274	54,274	0110	0	- 520 250	54,274			54,274 626.000	54,274 626,000	54,274 * 86,741
2003-04 transfers 2004-05 transfers	626,000	626,000 626.000	530,119	041,6	596,710	29,290			626,000	626,000	
2005-06 transfers	26,000	26,000	24,686		24,686	1,314			26,000	26,000	1,314 *
	1,372,274	1,372,274	1,156,658	9,140	1,165,798	206,476			1,372,274	1,372,274	206,476
Excel Funding	1,287,898	1,287,898	850,560	452,595	1,303,155	(15,257)		1,287,898		1,287,898	(15,257)
Totals	\$ 11,608,816	\$ 11,608,816	\$ 8,040,564	\$ 1,642,105	\$ 9,682,669	\$ 1,926,147	•	\$ 1,287,898	\$ 10,320,918	\$ 11,608,816	1,926,147

<sup>\*</sup> Unexpended balance transferred to general fund

(335,834) (119,736)

Less: State Aid funding not realized Transfer to General Fund

\$ 1,470,577

#### HUNTINGTON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Certain Revenues and Expenditures Compared to ST-3 Data

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Code	ST-3 Amount	Audited Amount
REVENUES Real Property Taxes	A -1001	\$ 80,141,906	\$ 80,141,906
Non-Property Taxes State Aid	AT-1199 AT-3999	- 10,757,149	- 10,757,149
Federal Aid Total Revenues	AT-4999 AT-5999	1,672,954 103,976,091	1,672,954 103,976,091
EXPENDITURES			
General Support	AT-1999	9,452,843	9,452,843
Pupil Transportation	AT-5599	8,297,893	8,297,893
Debt Service - Principal	AT-9798.6	131,703	131,703
Debt Service - Interest	AT-9798.7	169,925	169,925
Total Expenditures	AT-9999	101,092,926	101,092,926

#### HUNTINGTON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Investment in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

Capital assets, net	_\$_	23,212,231
Deduct:		
Short-term portion of bonds payable		(950,000)
Long-term portion of bonds payable		(4,515,000)
Short-term portion of installment purchase debt		(137,072)
Long-term portion of installment purchase debt		(1,718,822)
		(7,320,894)
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	15,891,337



VINCENT D. CULLEN, CPA JAMES E. DANOWSKI, CPA PETER F. RODRIGUEZ, CPA JILL S. SANDERS, CPA DONALD J. HOFFMANN, CPA CHRISTOPHER V. REINO, CPA ALAN YU, CPA

# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education Huntington Union Free School District Huntington Station, New York

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the fiduciary funds of the Huntington Union Free School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 24, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Huntington Union Free School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Huntington Union Free School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Huntington Union Free School District's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as item 07-1 that we consider to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Huntington Union Free School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

1650 ROUTE 112, PORT JEFFERSON STATION, NEW YORK 11776-3060

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we have reported to the Board of Education, Audit Committee and management of the Huntington Union Free School District in a separate letter dated September 24, 2010.

Huntington Union Free School District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. We did not audit the Huntington Union Free School District's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the use and information of the Board of Education, Audit Committee, management, others you deem appropriate within the District, and any governmental authorities you need to share this information with and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

September 24, 2010

Cullen & Danowski. LLP

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES
For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FINDINGS

#### 07-1. Preparation of Financial Statements

Condition: The District's Business Office does not either prepare or exercise adequate control over the preparation of its annual financial statements, which would prevent or detect a misstatement in the financial statements. However, the District does demonstrate an understanding of the financial statements.

*Criteria*: Internal controls should be in place that provide reasonable assurance that an individual from the District exercises responsibility over the preparation of the annual financial statements, which would prevent or detect a misstatement in the financial statements.

*Effect*: Because of the District's internal control design deficiency regarding the preparation of financial statements, there is more than a remote likelihood that a more than inconsequential but less than material misstatement will not be prevented or detected.

*Recommendation*: The District should review this issue and determine if an individual could exercise control over the preparation of its annual financial statements.

*Management Response*: The District is determining whether staff can be trained to exercise control over the preparation of the financial statements, or if the funds are available for outside support to complete this process.

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