

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS June 30, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education **Huntington Union Free School District** Huntington Station, New York

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the fiduciary funds of the Huntington Union Free School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the fiduciary funds of the Huntington Union Free School District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual – general fund, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability), schedule of District pension contributions and schedule of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and related ratios on pages 3 through 15 and 53 through 57, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Huntington Union Free School District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information on pages 58 through 60 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information requested by the New York State Education Department. The other supplementary information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 6, 2020 on our consideration of the Huntington Union Free School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Huntington Union Free School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Huntington Union Free School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

October 6, 2020

Cullen & Danowski, LLP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

The Huntington Union Free School District's discussion and analysis of financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 in comparison with the year ended June 30, 2019, with emphasis on the current year. This should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes to financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

1. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2020 are as follows:

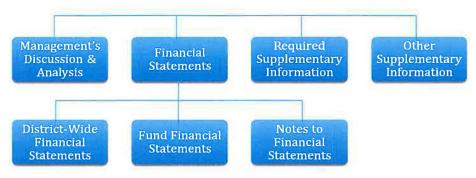
- The District's total net position, as reflected in the district-wide financial statements, decreased by \$13,537,181. This was due to an excess of expenses over revenues using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.
- The District's expenses for the year, as reflected in the district-wide financial statements, totaled \$149,450,649. Of this amount, \$5,515,046 was offset by program charges for services and operating and capital grants. General revenues of \$130,398,422 amounted to 95.94% of total revenues.
- On the balance sheet, the general fund's unassigned fund balance at year end was \$5,437,525. This represents
 an increase of \$119,590 over the prior year. The unassigned fund balance at year end, as a percentage of the
 subsequent year's budget, is 4%, which is equal to the statutory limit of 4% authorized by New York State
 Law.
- The general fund's total fund balance, as reflected in the fund financial statements, increased by \$6,748,421. This was due to an excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures include the June 2020 voter approved transfer to the capital projects fund of \$3,640,000 from the capital reserves for capital projects to be performed at Huntington High School, J. Taylor Finley Middle School, Jack Abrams STEM Magnet School and Southdown Primary School.
- On May 20, 2008, the voters approved the establishment of the 2008 capital reserve. The reserve has a funding cap of \$10,000,000 plus investment income over a probable term of eight years and provides for an annual funding of an amount not to exceed \$2,000,000. This reserve has been fully funded. During the year ended June 30, 2020, \$98,918 of unspent funds from completed projects was returned to this reserve. This amount was then used to fund a portion of the \$3,640,000 capital projects approved by the voters on June 9, 2020. The remaining balance in this reserve in the general fund is \$536 at June 30, 2020.
- On May 21, 2013, the voters approved the establishment of the 2013 capital reserve. The reserve has a funding cap of \$10,000,000 plus investment income for a probable term of eight years and provides for an annual funding of an amount not to exceed \$2,000,000. This reserve has been fully funded. During the year ended June 30, 2020, \$1,358,303 of unspent funds from completed capital projects was returned to this reserve and then partially used to fund the June 2020 voter approved capital projects of \$3,640,000. The remaining balance in this reserve in the general fund at June 30, 2020 is \$7,357.
- On May 16, 2017, the voters approved the establishment of the 2017 capital reserve. The reserve has a funding cap of \$12,500,000 plus investment income for a probable term of eight years. This reserve has been funded in the amount of \$7,672,114 through June 30, 2020, plus interest. Of this balance, \$2,182,779 was used to partially fund the June 2020 voter approved capital projects of \$3,640,000. The remaining balance in this reserve in the general fund at June 30, 2020 is \$3,517,324.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

• On May 15, 2018, the voters approved the establishment of the 2018 capital reserve. The reserve has a funding cap of \$1,500,000 plus investment income over a probable term of five years. This reserve can be funded by an annual transfer of surplus monies, if any, from the District's general fund with initial funding from the existing repair reserve fund. This reserve has been funded in the amount of \$562,912 through June 30, 2020 plus interest. No additional amounts were funded to the reserve in 2019-2020. The remaining balance in this reserve in the general fund is \$0 at June 30, 2020.

2. OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), the financial statements, required supplementary information, and other supplementary information. The financial statements consist of district-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to financial statements. A graphic display of the relationship of these statements follows:



A. District-Wide Financial Statements

The district-wide financial statements present the governmental activities of the District and are organized to provide an understanding of the fiscal performance of the District as a whole in a manner similar to a private sector business. There are two district-wide financial statements - the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements provide both an aggregate and long-term view of the District's finances.

These statements utilize the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes the financial effects of events when they occur, without regard to the timing of cash flows related to the events.

The Statement of Net Position

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities

The Statement of Activities presents information showing the change in net position during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are recorded at the time the underlying financial event occurs. Revenues are recognized in the period when they are earned and expenses are recognized in the period when the liability is incurred. Therefore, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will result in cash flow in future fiscal periods.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
(Continued)

B. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, not the District as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District also uses fund accounting to ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The funds of the District are reported in the governmental funds and the fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

These statements utilize the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the period when they become measurable and available. It recognizes expenditures in the period when the District incurs the liability, except for certain expenditures such as debt service on general long-term indebtedness, claims and judgments, compensated absences, pension costs and other postemployment benefits, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent the related liabilities mature each period.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the district-wide financial statements. However, the governmental fund financial statements focus on shorter term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year for spending in future years. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's operations and the services it provides.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of district-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the district-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds Balance Sheet and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains five individual governmental funds: general fund, special aid fund, school food service fund, debt service fund and capital projects fund, each of which is considered to be a major fund and is presented separately in the fund financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in its capacity as agent or trustee and utilize the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements. The fiduciary activities have been excluded from the district-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

3. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

A. Net Position

The District's total net position decreased by \$13,537,181 between fiscal year 2019 and 2020. The decrease is due to expenses in excess of revenues using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. A summary of the District's Statements of Net Position follows:

	2020		2020 2019		Increase (Decrease)		Percentage Change
Assets							
Current and Other Assets	\$	47,389,007	\$	44,992,011	\$	2,396,996	5.33 %
Capital Assets, Net	Ψ.	25,212,734	Ψ	22,724,013	Ψ	2,488,721	10.95 %
Net Pension Asset -		20,212,701				2,100,721	10.75 70
Proportionate Share		7,366,131		5,179,123		2,187,008	42.23 %
Total Assets		79,967,872		72,895,147		7,072,725	9.70 %
Deferred Outflows of Resources		60,131,224		29,114,824		31,016,400	106.53 %
Liabilities							
Current and Other Liabilities		7,291,419		9,475,210		(2,183,791)	(23.05)%
Long-Term Liabilities		10,758,561		10,507,170		251,391	2.39 %
Net Pension Liability -							
Proportionate Share		10,555,321		2,934,124		7,621,197	259.74 %
Total OPEB Obligation		305,014,491		259,178,736	_	45,835,755	17.68 %
Total Liabilities	_	333,619,792		282,095,240	_	51,524,552	18.26 %
Deferred Inflows of Resources		25,249,580		25,147,826		101,754	0.40 %
Net Position (Deficit)							
Net Investment in Capital Assets		23,992,734		21,329,013		2,663,721	12.49 %
Restricted		29,949,982		25,873,300		4,076,682	15.76 %
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(272,712,992)		(252,435,408)		(20,277,584)	8.03 %
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$	(218,770,276)	\$	(205,233,095)	\$	(13,537,181)	6.60 %

The increase in current and other assets is primarily due to increases in the District's cash position and in the due from state and federal receivable, offset by a decrease in the due from other governments receivable.

The increase in capital assets, net is the result of capital asset additions from ongoing capital projects in excess of depreciation expense. The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements, Note 9 "Capital Assets" provides additional information.

Net pension asset – proportionate represents the District's share of the New York State Teachers' Retirement System's collective net pension asset at the measurement date of the respective year. The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements, Note 13 "Pension Plans – New York State", provides additional information.

Deferred outflows of resources represents contributions to the pension plans subsequent to the measurement dates and actuarial adjustments of the OPEB and pension plans that will be amortized in future years.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

Current and other liabilities decreased primarily due to a decrease in accounts payable, and a reduction in the District's liability to the teachers' retirement system, as a result of a lower current year contribution rate.

The increase in long-term liabilities is primarily the result of an increase in compensated absences payable, offset by the repayment of bonds.

Net pension liability – proportionate share represents the District's share of the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System's collective net pension liability, at the measurement date of the respective year. The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements, Note 13 "Pension Plans – New York State", provides additional information.

Total other postemployment benefits (OPEB) obligation increased based on the actuarial valuation of the plan. The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements, Note 15 "Postemployment Healthcare Benefits", provides additional information.

Deferred inflows of resources represents actuarial adjustments of the pension and OPEB plans that will be amortized in future years.

The net investment in capital assets is the investment in capital assets at cost, net of depreciation and related outstanding debt. The accompanying Other Supplementary Information, Schedule of Net Investment in Capital Assets provides additional information.

The restricted amount represents the District's reserves. This number increased from the prior year. The District budgeted the use of reserves and capital reserve expenditures were authorized by the voters for capital projects. The Board authorized funding of reserves for anticipated future expenditures.

The unrestricted deficit amount relates to the balance of the District's net position. This balance does not include the District's reserves, which are classified as restricted. Additionally, certain unfunded liabilities will have the effect of reducing the District's unrestricted net position. One such unfunded liability is the total OPEB obligation. In accordance with state guidelines, the District is only permitted to fund OPEB on a "pay as you go" basis, and is not permitted to accumulate funds for the OPEB obligation.

B. Changes in Net Position

The results of operations as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities in a programmatic format. In the accompanying financial statements STAR (school tax relief) revenue is included in the other tax items line. However, in this MD&A, STAR revenue has been combined with property taxes. A summary of this statement for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 is as follows:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

	2020	2019	Increase (Decrease)	Percentage Change
Revenues				
Program Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$ 373,886	\$ 790,814	\$ (416,928)	(52.72)%
Operating Grants	5,141,160	5,186,633	(45,473)	(0.88)%
Capital Grants		50,000	(50,000)	(100.00)%
General Revenues				
Real Property Taxes & STAR	110,401,032	107,625,724	2,775,308	2.58 %
State Sources	18,584,552	17,348,352	1,236,200	7.13 %
Other	1,412,838	1,107,430	305,408	27.58 %
Total Revenues	135,913,468	132,108,953	3,804,515	2.88 %
Expenses				
General Support	17,082,543	15,470,115	1,612,428	10.42 %
Instruction	121,213,056	110,149,972	11,063,084	10.04 %
Pupil Transportation	8,878,524	10,683,407	(1,804,883)	(16.89)%
Debt Service - Interest	298,508	376,687	(78,179)	(20.75)%
Food Service Program	1,978,018	1,875,596	102,422	5.46 %
Total Expenses	149,450,649	138,555,777	10,894,872	7.86 %
Change in Net Position	\$ (13,537,181)	\$ (6,446,824)	\$ (7,090,357)	109.98 %

Net position decreased by \$13,537,181 and \$6,446,824 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

The District's revenues increased by \$3,804,515 or 2.88%. The major factors that contributed to the increase were:

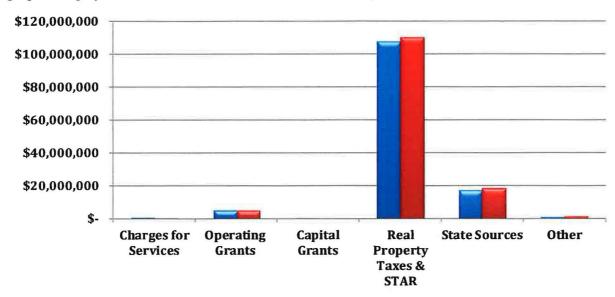
- Property taxes and STAR revenues increased by \$2,775,308.
- The District received more state aid in the current year than during the prior year.

The District's total expenses for the year increased by \$10,894,872 or 7.86%. The increase in expenses is primarily due to increases in instruction and general support. Instruction and general support increased due to the impact of the net change in the actuarially determined pension expenses for TRS and ERS, as well as the increase in other postemployment benefits costs allocated. Pupil transportation expenses decreased due to the impact of COVID-19 and the implementation of virtual learning.

As indicated on the graphs that follow, real property taxes and STAR comprise the largest component of revenues recognized, (i.e., 81.2% and 81.5% of the total for the years ended 2020 and 2019, respectively). Instruction expenses is the largest category of expenses incurred, (i.e., 81.2% and 79.4% of the total for the years ended 2020 and 2019, respectively).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

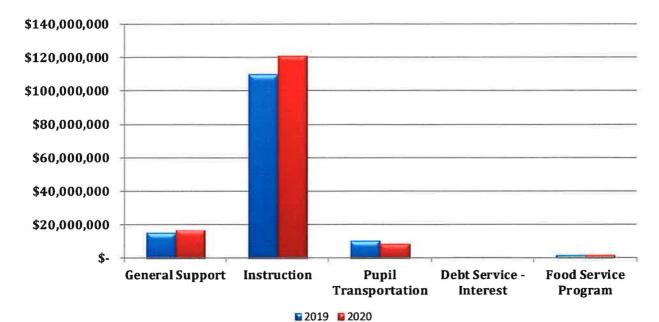
A graphic display of the distribution of revenues for the two years follows:



2019 2020

	Charges for Services	Operating Grants	Capital Grants	Real Property Taxes & STAR	State Sources	Other
2019	0.6%	3.9%	0.0%	81.5%	13.1%	0.9%
2020	0.3%	3.8%	0.0%	81.2%	13.7%	1.0%

A graphic display of the distribution of expenses for the two years follows:



	General Support	Instruction	Pupil Transportation	Debt Service - Interest	Food Service Program	
2019	11.2%	79.4%	7.7%	0.3%	1.4%	
2020	11.4%	81.2%	5.9%	0.2%	1.3%	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

4. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

At June 30, 2020, the District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$39,247,459, which is an increase of \$4,535,790 over the prior year. This increase is due to an excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses based upon the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. A summary of the change in the components of fund balance by fund is as follows:

	2020 2019		Increase (Decrease)
General Fund			
Restricted:		4	
Workers' compensation	\$ 2,709,945	\$ 2,615,096	\$ 94,849
Unemployment insurance	158,144	192,076	(33,932)
Retirement contribution			
Teachers' retirement system	1,909,041	941,958	967,083
Employees' retirement system	6,849,094	4,953,966	1,895,128
Employee benefit accrued liability	6,787,219	4,780,527	2,006,692
Capital	3,525,217	2,685,558	839,659
Assigned:			
Appropriated fund balance	2,000,000	1,400,000	600,000
Unappropriated fund balance	1,233,417	974,065	259,352
Unassigned: Fund balance	5,437,525	5,317,935	119,590
	30,609,602	23,861,181	6,748,421
School Food Service Fund			
Nonspendable: Inventory	33,046	29,358	3,688
Assigned: Unappropriated fund balance	576,314	591,591	(15,277)
	609,360	620,949	(11,589)
Debt Service Fund			
Restricted: Debt service	212,522	212,522	E
Capital Projects Fund			
Restricted: Capital	7,798,800	10,036,651	(2,237,851)
Assigned: Unappropriated fund balance	17,175		17,175
Unassigned: Fund balance (deficit)		(19,634)	19,634
	7,815,975	10,017,017	(2,201,042)
Total Fund Balance	\$ 39,247,459	\$ 34,711,669	\$ 4,535,790

A. General Fund

The net change in the general fund - fund balance is an increase of \$6,748,421. Revenues and other sources of \$131,841,492 exceeded expenditures and other uses of \$125,093,071, which contributed to the increase in fund balance.

The District's revenues and other financing sources increased by \$4,754,700 or 3.74%, as compared to the prior year. This increase is primarily attributable to increases in real property taxes and state aid and a transfer from the capital projects fund for spent capital reserve balances remaining for completed projects. The increase in property taxes is due to an increase in the tax levy in accordance with the 2019- 2020 budget.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

Expenditures and other financing uses decreased by \$2,268,176 or 1.78% from the prior year. The decrease was primarily due to decreases in pupil transportation and employee benefits. The employee benefit decrease was due to a lower TRS contribution in 2019-2020 and the decrease in pupil transportation was a direct result of COVID-19.

The following is a summary of the District's general fund restricted fund balance activity:

	Balance @ ne 30, 2019	 Use of Reserves	Interest	 Funding	Balance @ ne 30, 2020	•	for ne 30, 2021
Workers' compensation	\$ 2,615,096	\$ (750,000)	\$ 21,849	\$ 823,000	\$ 2,709,945	\$	700,000
Unemployment insurance	192,076	(35,536)	1,604		158,144		100,000
Retirement contribution							
TRS	941,958		7,870	959,213	1,909,041		744,001
ERS	4,953,966	(890,000)	41,391	2,743,737	6,849,094		1,969,408
EBALR	4,780,527	(233,250)	39,942	2,200,000	6,787,219		450,000
Capital	2,685,558	(3,640,000)	22,438	 4,457,221	3,525,217		
	\$ 16,169,181	\$ (5,548,786)	\$ 135,094	\$ 11,183,171	\$ 21,938,660	\$	3,963,409

Additional detail regarding capital reserves can be found in Note 20 "Restricted for Capital Reserve."

B. School Food Service Fund

The net change in the school food service fund - fund balance is a decrease of \$11,589, which was the operating loss of the food service program, inclusive of a transfer from the general fund of \$187,582.

C. Debt Service Fund

The debt service fund - fund balance is unchanged from the prior year.

D. Capital Projects Fund

The capital projects fund - fund balance decreased by \$2,201,042. This was the result of capital expenditures of \$4,420,630, and a transfer to the general fund – capital reserve in the amount of \$1,457,221 of unspent funding from completed projects, offset by a transfer from the general fund capital reserve for voter authorized projects in the amount of \$3,640,000 and state aid of \$36,809.

The following is a summary of the District's capital projects fund restricted fund balance activity:

	Balance @ June 30, 2019	Use of Reserves	Funding	Balance @ June 30, 2020
Capital Reserve #1, 2008 Capital Reserve #2, 2013 Capital Reserve #3, 2017 Capital Reserve #4, 2018	\$ 789,811 6,632,338 2,048,678 565,824	\$ (406,476) (5,367,852) (81,119) (22,404)	\$ 98,918 1,358,303 2,182,779	\$ 482,253 2,622,789 4,150,338 543,420
	\$ 10,036,651	\$ (5,877,851)	\$ 3,640,000	\$ 7,798,800

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

5. GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

A. 2019-2020 Budget

The District's general fund adopted budget for the year ended June 30, 2020, was \$133,488,443. This amount was increased by encumbrances carried forward from the prior year in the amount of \$974,065 and budget revisions of \$3,667,484, for a total final budget of \$138,129,992.

The final budget was funded through a combination of estimated revenues and appropriated fund balance. The majority of this funding source was \$110,400,611 in estimated property taxes and STAR receipts.

B. Change in General Fund's Unassigned Fund Balance (Budget to Actual)

The general fund's unassigned fund balance is the component of total fund balance that is the residual of prior years' excess revenues over expenditures, net of transfers to reserves, appropriations to fund the subsequent year's budget and encumbrances. The change in this balance demonstrated through a comparison of the actual revenues and expenditures for the year compared to budget follows:

Opening, Unassigned Fund Balance	\$	5,317,935
Budget Revision		(6,879)
Revenues Over Budget		1,899,444
Expenditures and Encumbrances Under Budget		11,803,504
Net Change in Reserves	(11,576,479)
Appropriated to Fund the June 30, 2021 Budget		(2,000,000)
Closing, Unassigned Fund Balance	\$	5,437,525

Opening, Unassigned Fund Balance

The \$5,317,935 shown in the table is the portion of the District's June 30, 2019 fund balance that was retained as unassigned.

Budget Revision

The District, by Board resolution, authorized the spending for unanticipated ordinary contingent expenditures funded by unassigned fund balance.

Revenues Over Budget

The 2019-2020 final budget for revenues was \$129,942,048. Actual revenues recognized for the year were \$131,841,492. Actual revenues were more than estimated or budgeted revenue by \$1,899,444, which contributes directly to the change to the general fund unassigned fund balance from June 30, 2019 to June 30, 2020. The accompanying Required Supplementary Information, Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund, provides additional information.

Expenditures and Encumbrances Under Budget

The 2019-2020 final budget for expenditures was \$138,129,992. Actual expenditures as of June 30, 2020 were \$125,093,071 and outstanding encumbrances were \$1,233,417. Combined, the expenditures plus encumbrances for 2019-2020 were \$126,326,488. The final budget variance was \$11,803,504, which contributes directly to the change to the general fund unassigned fund balance from June 30, 2019 to June 30, 2020. The accompanying Required Supplementary Information, Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund, provides additional information.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

Net Change in Reserves

Monies transferred into authorized reserves do not affect the total fund balance unless, and until these monies are actually expended. The transfers do, however, reduce the District's discretion regarding the use of these transferred monies, and thus, reduce the unassigned fund balance by the amount of the transfers. The table in §4.A. of this Management's Discussion and Analysis details the allocation of interest earnings and funding transfers to the reserves.

Appropriated Fund Balance

The District has chosen to use \$2,000,000 of the available June 30, 2020 fund balance to partially fund the 2020-2021 approved operating budget. As such, the June 30, 2020 unassigned fund balance must be reduced by this amount.

Closing, Unassigned Fund Balance

Based upon the summary changes shown in the table, the unassigned fund balance at June 30, 2020 was \$5,437,525. The unassigned portion is equal to the permissible 4.0% statutory maximum.

6. CAPITAL ASSET, DEBT ADMINISTRATION AND OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A. Capital Assets

At June 30, 2020, the District had invested in a broad range of capital assets, as indicated in the following table. The net increase in capital assets is due to capital additions of \$4,588,322 in excess of depreciation expense of \$2,099,601 recorded for the year ended June 30, 2020. A summary of the District's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation at June 30, 2020 and 2019 is as follows:

	_	2020	_	2019	Increase (Decrease)
Land	\$	1,545,142	\$	1,545,142	\$
Construction in progress		2,568,204		3,702,281	(1,134,077)
Buildings and improvements		16,816,025		12,566,074	4,249,951
Site improvements		2,829,160		3,143,479	(314,319)
Furniture and equipment	-	1,454,203	_	1,767,037	(312,834)
Capital assets, net	\$	25,212,734	\$	22,724,013	\$ 2,488,721

B. Debt Administration

At June 30, 2020, the District had total bonds payable of \$1,220,000. Bonds were initially issued in 2006 for school building improvements and were advance refunded in 2015. The decrease in outstanding debt represents principal payments made during the year. A summary of the outstanding debt at June 30, 2020 and 2019 is as follows:

Issue	Interest					Increase							
Date	Rate	2020		2020		te 2020		Rate2020		Rate 2020 2019		2019	 Decrease)
4/1/2015	2.0-4.0%	_\$_	1,220,000	\$	1,395,000	\$ (175,000)							

The District's latest underlying, long-term credit rating from Moody's Investors Service, Inc. is Aa1.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

C. Other Long-Term Liabilities

Included in the District's long-term liabilities are the estimated amounts due for compensated absences, workers' compensation liability, net pension liability – proportionate share and total other postemployment benefits obligation. The compensated absences liability is based on employment contracts. The workers' compensation liability, net pension liability – proportionate share and total other postemployment benefits obligation are based on actuarial valuations.

	-	2020	_	2019		Increase (Decrease)
Compensated absences	\$	6,807,940	\$	6,363,421	\$	444,519
Workers' compensation		2,730,621		2,748,749		(18,128)
Net pension liability - proportionate share		10,555,321		2,934,124		7,621,197
Total OPEB obligation	-	305,014,491	_	259,178,736	_	45,835,755
	\$	325,108,373	\$	271,225,030	_\$	53,883,343

7. ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

A. Subsequent Year's Budget

The general fund budget, the only fund with a legally adopted budget, as approved by the voters on June 9, 2020, for the year ending June 30, 2021, is \$135,938,167. This is an increase of \$2,449,724 or 1.84% over the previous year's budget. The increase is principally in the instructional program and employee benefits areas of the budget, and approximates \$2,300,000.

The District budgeted revenues other than property taxes and STAR at a \$1,896,074 decrease from the prior year's estimate, which is in part due to an estimated decrease in state aid. The assigned, appropriated fund balance applied to the budget in the amount of \$2,000,000 is an increase of \$600,000 over the previous year. Additionally, the District has elected to appropriate \$3,963,409 of reserves towards the next year's budget, which is an increase of \$1,796,409 over the previous year. A property tax increase of \$1,949,389 (1.77%), levy to levy, was needed to meet the funding shortfall and cover the increase in appropriations.

B. Future Budgets

The property tax cap and uncertainty in state aid and federal funds, as well as operating adjustments attributed to COVID-19, may impact the District's future budgets.

C. Tax Cap

New York State law limits the increase in the property tax levy of school districts to the lesser of 2% or the rate of inflation. There are additional statutory adjustments in the law. School districts may override the tax levy limit by presenting to the voters a budget that requires a tax levy that exceeds the statutory limit. However, that budget must be approved by 60% of the votes cast. Based on the law, the District's tax levy cap for 2020-2021 is 2.19%. The District's 2020-2021 property tax increase of 1.77% was less than the tax cap and did not require an override vote.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

8. CONTACTING THE DISTRICT

This financial report is designed to provide the reader with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the funds it receives. Requests for additional information can be directed to:

Dr. Kathleen Acker Assistant Superintendent for Finance and Management Services Huntington Union Free School District 50 Tower Street Huntington Station, New York 11746

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2020

ASSETS	
Cash	
Unrestricted	\$ 11,655,145
Restricted	29,949,982
Receivables	10.040
Accounts receivable	19,040
Due from state and federal	4,912,322 481,181
Due from other governments Other assets	338,291
Inventory	33,046
Capital assets not being depreciated	4,113,346
Capital assets being depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation	21,099,388
Net pension asset - proportionate share	7,366,131
The pension asset proportionate share	1,000,101
Total Assets	79,967,872
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pensions	30,429,000
Other postemployment benefits	29,702,224
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	60,131,224
LIABILITIES	
Payables	4.545.000
Accounts payable	1,545,289
Accrued liabilities	502,943
Due to other governments	855
Due to teachers' retirement system Due to employees' retirement system	4,610,024 457,947
Compensated absences payable	161,399
Unearned credits	101,377
Collections in advance	12,962
Long-term liabilities	12,702
Due and payable within one year	
Bonds payable	180,000
Compensated absences payable	81,353
Workers' compensation liabilities	553,739
Due and payable after one year	
Bonds payable	1,040,000
Compensated absences payable	6,726,587
Workers' compensation liabilities	2,176,882
Net pension liability - proportionate share	10,555,321
Total other postemployment benefits	305,014,491
Total Liabilities	333,619,792
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pensions	10,489,767
Other postemployment benefits	14,759,813
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	25,249,580
	7-
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	
Net investment in capital assets	23,992,734
Destricted	
Restricted	2 700 045
Workers' compensation Unemployment insurance	2,709,945 158,144
Retirement contribution	130,144
Teachers' retirement system	1,909,041
Employees' retirement system	6,849,094
Employees rectified the system Employee benefit accrued liability	6,787,219
Capital	11,324,017
Debt service	212,522
(p) (a) (c) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d	29,949,982
Unrestricted (deficit)	(272,712,992)
Total Not Position (Deficit)	¢ (210 770 276)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (218,770,276)

HUNTINGTON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Activities

For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

	_	Expenses	Program harges for Services		nues Operating Grants	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS						
Governmental Activities:						
General support	\$	17,082,543	\$	\$		\$ (17,082,543)
Instruction		121,213,056	67,938		3,673,302	(117,471,816)
Pupil transportation		8,878,524				(8,878,524)
Debt service - interest		298,508				(298,508)
Food service program		1,978,018	 305,948	0	1,467,858	(204,212)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	149,450,649	\$ 373,886	_\$_	5,141,160	(143,935,603)
GENERAL REVENUES						
Real property taxes						103,624,657
Other tax items						6,865,207
Use of money and property						403,710
Sale of property and compensation for l	oss					70,026
Miscellaneous						850,270
State sources						18,584,552
Total General Revenues						130,398,422_
Change in Net Position (Deficit)						(13,537,181)
Total Net Position (Deficit) - Begin	ning o	of Year				(205,233,095)
Total Net Position (Deficit) - End o	f Year					\$ (218,770,276)

HUNTINGTON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

June 30, 2020

	General	_	Special Aid		School Food Service		Debt Service	-	Capital Projects	Go	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS											
Cash						4.					
Unrestricted	\$ 11,123,963	\$	87,495	\$	443,687	\$	212 522	\$	765 717	\$	11,655,145
Restricted Receivables	28,971,743						212,522		765,717		29,949,982
Accounts receivable	11,987				7,053						19,040
Due from other funds	3,315,134				37,903				7,867,455		11,220,492
Due from state and federal	2,086,485		2,539,950		285,887						4,912,322
Due from other governments	481,181										481,181
Other assets	338,291										338,291
Inventory	,	_		_	33,046			_			33,046
Total Assets	\$ 46,328,784	\$	2,627,445	\$	807,576	\$	212,522	_\$	8,633,172	\$	58,609,499
LIABILITIES											
Payables											
Accounts payable	\$ 1,251,529	\$	46,074	\$	133,801	\$		\$	113,885	\$	1,545,289
Accrued liabilities	480,763		13,715		6,432						500,910
Due to other funds	7,905,358		2,554,694		57,983				702,457		11,220,492
Due to other governments									855		855
Due to teachers' retirement system	4,610,024										4,610,024
Due to employees' retirement system	457,947										457,947
Compensated absences payable Unearned credits	161,399										161,399
Collections in advance			12,962								12,962
	-	_				-					
Total Liabilities	14,867,020	_	2,627,445		198,216	0		_	817,197	_	18,509,878
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Unavailable revenues	852,162										852,162
FUND BALANCES					22.046						22.046
Nonspendable: Inventory Restricted:					33,046						33,046
Workers' compensation	2,709,945										2,709,945
Unemployment insurance	158,144										158,144
Retirement contribution											
Teachers' retirement system	1,909,041										1,909,041
Employees' retirement system	6,849,094										6,849,094
Employee benefit accrued liability	6,787,219										6,787,219
Capital	3,525,217								7,798,800		11,324,017
Debt service							212,522				212,522
Assigned:											
Appropriated fund balance	2,000,000										2,000,000
Unappropriated fund balance	1,233,417				576,314				17,175		1,826,906
Unassigned: Fund balance	5,437,525			_		_		_		-	5,437,525
Total Fund Balances	30,609,602	_	*	_	609,360	_	212,522	_	7,815,975	_	39,247,459
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of											
Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 46,328,784	\$	2,627,445		807,576	\$	212,522		8,633,172	\$	58,609,499

HUNTINGTON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2020

Total Governmental Fund Balances

\$ 39,247,459

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

The costs of building and acquiring capital assets (land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, site improvements, furniture and equipment) financed from the governmental funds are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred, and the assets do not appear on the Balance Sheet. However, the Statement of Net Position includes those capital assets among the assets of the District as a whole, and their original costs are expensed annually over their useful lives.

Original cost of capital assets\$ 71,245,647Less: Accumulated depreciation(46,032,913)

25,212,734

Proportionate share of long-term asset, liability and deferred outflows and inflows associated with participation in the state retirement systems are not current financial resources or obligations and are not reported in the funds.

Net pension asset - teachers' retirement system7,366,131Deferred outflows of resources30,429,000Net pension liability - employees' retirement system(10,555,321)Deferred inflows of resources(10,489,767)

16,750,043

Total other postemployment benefits obligation and deferred inflows related to providing benefits in retirement are not current financial resources or obligations and are not reported in the funds.

Deferred outflows of resources Total other postemployment benefits obligation Deferred inflows of resources 29,702,224 (305,014,491) (14,759,813)

(290,072,080)

Some of the District's revenues will be collected after year end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds, but are not deferred on the Statement of Net Position.

852,162

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:

Accrued interest on bonds payable Bonds payable Compensated absences Workers' compensation liabilities (2,033) (1,220,000) (6,807,940) (2,730,621)

(10,760,594)

Total Net Position (Deficit)

\$ (218,770,276)

HUNTINGTON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

	General	Special Aid	School Food Service	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES Real property taxes Other tax items Charges for services Use of money and property Sale of property	\$ 103,624,657 6,865,207 302,491 403,133	\$	\$ 577	\$	\$	\$ 103,624,657 6,865,207 302,491 403,710
and compensation for loss Miscellaneous State sources Federal sources Sales	70,026 951,502 18,167,255	1,187,896 2,485,406	54,643 41,016 1,426,842 251,305		36,809	70,026 1,006,145 19,432,976 3,912,248 251,305
Total Revenues	130,384,271	3,673,302	1,774,383		36,809	135,868,765
EXPENDITURES General support Instruction Pupil transportation Employee benefits	11,653,717 70,225,607 8,514,046 30,160,951	15,950 3,590,237 304,483				11,669,667 73,815,844 8,818,529 30,160,951
Debt service Principal Interest Food service program Capital outlay	243,000		1,973,554	175,000 55,800	4,420,630	175,000 298,800 1,973,554 4,420,630
Total Expenditures	120,797,321	3,910,670	1,973,554	230,800	4,420,630	131,332,975
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	9,586,950	(237,368)	(199,171)	(230,800)	(4,383,821)	4,535,790
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (US Operating transfers in Operating transfers (out)	1,457,221 (4,295,750)	237,368	187,582	230,800	3,640,000 (1,457,221)	5,752,971 (5,752,971)
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	(2,838,529)	237,368	187,582	230,800	2,182,779	
Net Change in Fund Balances	6,748,421		(11,589)		(2,201,042)	4,535,790
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	23,861,181		620,949	212,522	10,017,017	34,711,669
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 30,609,602	\$ -	\$ 609,360	\$ 212,522	\$ 7,815,975	\$ 39,247,459

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances		\$ 4,535,790
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Long-Term Revenue and Expense Differences		
In the statement of activities, certain operating revenues are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, revenue for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources provided (essentially, the amounts actually received).	\$ 44,705	
Certain operating expenses do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds, but are expensed in the Statement of Activities.		
Increase in compensated absences liability	(444,519)	
Certain expenditures in the governmental funds requiring the use of current financial resources (amounts paid) may exceed the amounts incurred during the year, resulting in a reduction of the long-term liability and an increase in the net position.		
Decrease in workers' compensation liabilities	18,128	(381,686)
Capital Related Differences		(361,060)
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are capitalized and shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the period.		
Capital outlays and other additions	4,588,322	
Depreciation expense	(2,099,601)	
Long-Term Debt Transaction Differences		2,488,721
Repayment of long-term debt is an expenditure in governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.		
Repayment of bonds payable	175,000	
Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. This is the amount by which accrued interest decreased from June 30, 2019 to June 30, 2020.	292_	
Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits Differences		175,292
The change in the proportionate share of the collective pension expense of the state retirement plans and the change in other postemployment benefits expense reported in the Statement of Activities did not affect current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Teachers' retirement system Employees' retirement system Other postemployment benefits	(4,726,851) (1,990,712) (13,637,735)	(00.055.000)
		(20,355,298)
Change in Net Position (Deficit) of Governmental Activities	L ₂	\$ (13,537,181)

HUNTINGTON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Fiduciary Net Position -Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2020

	Agency	Private Purpose Trusts
ASSETS Cash Due from other funds Total Assets	\$ 1,297,344 \$ 1,297,344	\$ 1,054,692 1,054,692
LIABILITIES Extraclassroom activity balances Due to other funds Other liabilities Total Liabilities	\$ 221,474 1,054,692 21,178 \$ 1,297,344	*
NET POSITION Restricted for scholarships Expendable trust funds Non-expendable trust funds		189,024 865,668
Total Net Position		\$ 1,054,692

HUNTINGTON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position -Fiduciary Funds

For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Private Purpose Trusts
ADDITIONS Contributions Investment earnings	\$ 2,000 16,838
Total Additions	18,838
DEDUCTIONS Scholarships and awards	9,500
Change in Net Position	9,338
Net Position - Beginning of year	1,045,354
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 1,054,692

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Huntington Union Free School District (District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Significant accounting principles and policies used by the District are as follows:

A. Reporting Entity

The District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of seven members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The financial reporting entity is based on criteria set forth by GASB. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following entity is included in the District's financial statements:

Extraclassroom Activity Funds

The extraclassroom activity funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The extraclassroom activity funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. The District reports these assets held by it as agent for the extraclassroom organizations in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds. Separate audited financial statements of the extraclassroom activity funds can be found at the District's Business Office.

B. Joint Venture

The District is a component school district in the Board of Cooperative Educational Services of Western Suffolk (BOCES). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that share planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. BOCES are organized under §1950 of the Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation under §1950(6). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the General Municipal Law. A BOCES budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment as defined in Education Law, §1950(4)(b)(7). There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component. In addition, component school districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation

District-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present information about the overall governmental financial activities of the District, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of interfund transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, state aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and nonexchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while capital grants reflect capital-specific grants, if applicable.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the District at fiscal year end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Employee benefits are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including real property taxes and state aid, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund type, governmental and fiduciary, are presented. The District's financial statements present the following fund types:

Governmental Funds - are those through which most governmental functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The emphasis of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds as defined by GASB, each displayed in a separate column. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

General Fund - is the general operating fund and is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Aid Fund - is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources such as federal and state grants that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These legal restrictions may be imposed by either governments that provide the funds or outside parties.

School Food Service Fund - is used to account for the activities of the food service program.

Debt Service Fund - accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental activities.

Capital Projects Fund – is used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, renovation or major repair of capital facilities and other capital assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Fiduciary Funds – are used to account for activities in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the district-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used to finance District operations. The following are the District's fiduciary funds:

Agency Funds - These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds and for payroll or employee withholding.

Private Purpose Trust Funds - These funds are used to account for trust arrangements in which principal and income benefits annual third party awards and scholarships for students. Established criteria govern the use of the funds and members of the District or representatives of the donors may serve on committees to determine who benefits.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus describes what type of information is reported, and is either the economic resources measurement focus or the current financial resources measurement focus. The economic resources measurement focus reports all assets, liabilities and deferred resources related to a given activity, as well as transactions of the period that affect net position. For example, all assets, whether financial (e.g., cash and receivables) or capital (e.g., property and equipment) and liabilities (including long-term debt and obligations) are reported. The current financial resources measurement focus reports more narrowly on assets, liabilities and deferred resources that are relevant to near-term liquidity, along with net changes resulting from transactions of the period. Consequently, capital assets and the unmatured portion of long-term debt and certain other liabilities the District would not expect to liquidate currently with expendable available financial resources (e.g., compensated absences for employees still in active service) would not be reported.

Basis of accounting describes when changes are recognized, and is either the accrual basis of accounting or the modified accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes changes in net position when the underlying event occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes changes only at the point they affect near-term liquidity.

The district-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include real property taxes, state aid, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from real property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from state aid is recognized in the fiscal year it is apportioned by the state. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 180 days after the end of the fiscal year, except for real property taxes, which are considered to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, compensated absences, pension costs, and other postemployment benefits, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

E. Real Property Taxes

Calendar

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board no later than November 1st and become a lien on December 1st. Taxes are collected by the Town of Huntington and remitted to the District from December to lune.

Enforcement

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by Suffolk County in June.

F. Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT)

The District reports PILOT revenues in the general fund as part of other tax items revenues. These PILOT revenues are often the result of tax abatements granted by industrial development agencies of the Town and/or the County to help promote local economic development. Property owners make PILOT payments to the government agencies, which in turn remit the collected payments to the District.

The District's PILOT revenues also include payments from the Long Island Industrial Partners remitted by Suffolk County. Beginning in the 2013-2014 fiscal year, the Suffolk County Industrial Development Agency removed properties owned by the Long Island Industrial Partners from the assessment and tax rolls and, instead, allowed Long Island Industrial Partners to make payments in lieu of taxes. These PILOT payments result in tax abatement agreements as defined by GASB Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*, under which an entity receiving a reduction in tax revenues promises to take specific action that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments or residents of the governments. The District received \$88,832 in Long Island Industrial Partners PILOT revenue during the 2019-2020 fiscal year.

G. Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net resources are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these Notes to Financial Statements.

G. Interfund Transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include transfers to provide financing or other services. This includes the transfer of unrestricted general fund revenues to finance various programs that the District must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

In the district-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds, with the exception of those due from or to the fiduciary funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables are netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

A detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, transfers in and transfers out activity is provided subsequently in these Notes to Financial Statements.

H. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and disclosure of contingencies at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including compensated absences, pension costs, other postemployment benefits, workers' compensation liabilities, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of capital assets.

I. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, bank deposits and investments with a maturity date of three months or less from date of acquisition.

Certain cash balances are restricted by various legal and contractual obligations, such as legal reserves and debt agreements.

J. Receivables

Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles, if any. However, no allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

K. Inventory

Inventory of food in the school food service fund is recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or in the case of surplus food donated by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, at the Government's assigned value, which approximates market. Inventory is accounted for on the consumption method. Under the consumption method, a current asset for the inventory item is recorded at the time of receipt and/or purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods are consumed.

Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount.

A portion of fund balance has been classified as nonspendable to indicate that inventory does not constitute available spendable resources.

L. Other Assets

The District has provided life insurance policies with split dollar provisions for certain former employees. The split dollar provisions provide for the payment of insurance proceeds to the District to the extent of premiums paid upon the demise of the insured or surrender of the policy.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

M. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reflected in the district-wide financial statements. Capital assets are reported at actual cost, when the information is available, or estimated historical cost based on professional third-party information. Donated assets are reported at acquisition value at the date of donation.

All capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives. Capitalization thresholds, the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts, and estimated useful lives of capital assets as reported in the district-wide statements are as follows:

	•	talization reshold	Estimated Useful Life	
Buildings and improvements	\$	50,000	50 years	
Site improvements		25,000	20 years	
Furniture and equipment		5,000	5-20 years	

N. Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources, in the Statement of Net Position, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future reporting period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that time. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item is related to pensions and consists of the District's proportionate share of changes in the collective net pension asset or liability not included in collective pension expense and the District's contributions to the pension systems (TRS and ERS) subsequent to the measurement date. The second item is related to OPEB and represents changes in the total other postemployment benefits obligation not included in OPEB expense.

O. Short-Term Debt

The District may issue tax anticipation notes (TAN), in anticipation of the receipt of revenues. These notes are recorded as a liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The TANs represent a liability that will be extinguished by the use of expendable, available resources of the fund.

The District may issue bond anticipation notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that BANs issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date; seven years if originally issued during calendar year 2015 through and including 2021. The notes, or renewal thereof, may not extend more than two years beyond the original date of issue, unless a portion is redeemed within two years and within each twelve month period thereafter.

P. Collections in Advance

Collections in advance arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. These amounts are recorded as liabilities in the financial statements. The liabilities are removed and revenues are recognized in subsequent periods when the District has legal claim to the resources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Q. Employee Benefits - Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated sick leave and vacation time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in collective bargaining agreements and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave or a credit towards their health insurance obligation.

Vacation eligibility and accumulation is specified in collective bargaining agreements and in individual employment contracts. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods. Employees are compensated for unused accumulated vacation leave through paid time off or cash payment upon retirement, termination or death.

Certain collectively bargained agreements require these payments to be paid in the form of non-elective contributions into the employee's 403(b) plan.

The liability for compensated absences has been calculated using the vesting method and an accrual for that liability is included in the district-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year-end.

In the fund financial statements, a liability is reported only for payments due for unused compensated absences for those employees that have obligated themselves to separate from service with the District by June 30^{th} .

R. Other Benefits

Eligible District employees participate in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System or the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System.

District employees may choose to participate in the District's elective deferred compensation plans established under Internal Revenue Code Sections 403(b) and 457.

The District provides individual or family health insurance coverage for active employees pursuant to collective bargaining agreements and individual employment contracts.

In addition to providing these benefits, the District provides individual, family or surviving spouse postemployment health insurance coverage for eligible retired employees. Collective bargaining agreements and individual employment contracts determine if District employees are eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Healthcare benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits is shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure in the governmental funds as the liabilities for premiums mature (come due for payment). In the district-wide statements, the cost of postemployment health insurance coverage is recognized on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

S. Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future reporting period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue/expense credit) until that time. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. First is unavailable revenues reported in the governmental funds when potential revenues do not meet the availability criterion for recognition in the current period. This includes receivables of certain state aid allocations and amounts due from other governments for tuition charges. In subsequent periods, when the availability criterion is met, unavailable revenues are reclassified as revenues. In the District-wide financial statements, unavailable revenues are treated as revenues. The second item is related to pensions reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position and consists of the District's proportionate share of changes in the collective net pension asset or liability not included in collective pension expense. The third item is related to OPEB reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position and represents changes in the total other postemployment benefits obligation not included in OPEB expense.

T. Equity Classifications

District-Wide Statements

In the district-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

Net investment in capital assets – Consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisitions, construction and improvements of those assets.

Restricted – Reports net position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflows of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted – Reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications.

Fund Statements

The fund statements report fund balance classifications according to the relative strength of spending constraints placed on the purpose for which resources can be used, as follows:

Nonspendable – Consists of amounts that are inherently nonspendable in the current period either because of their form or because they must be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance consists of inventory, which is recorded in the school food service fund.

Restricted – Consists of amounts that are subject to externally enforceable legal purpose restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District has established the following restricted fund balances:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Workers' Compensation Reserve

Workers' Compensation Reserve (GML §6-j) is used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

Unemployment Insurance Reserve

Unemployment Insurance Reserve (GML §6-m) is used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

Retirement Contribution Reserve

Retirement Contribution Reserve (GML §6-r) is used for the purpose of financing retirement contributions payable to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System. The Board, by resolution, may establish the reserve and authorize expenditures from the reserve. The reserve is funded by budgetary appropriations or taxes raised for the reserve, revenues that are not required by law to be paid into any other fund or account, transfers from reserves and other funds that may legally be appropriated. The Board may also adopt a resolution establishing a sub-fund for contributions to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System. During a fiscal year, the Board may authorize payment into the sub-fund of up to 2% of the total covered salaries paid during the preceding fiscal year, with the total amount funded not to exceed 10% of the total covered salaries during the preceding fiscal year. The sub-fund is separately administered, but must comply with all the existing provisions of General Municipal Law §6-r. These reserves are accounted for in the general fund.

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve (GML §6-p) is used to reserve funds for the payment of accrued employee benefit primarily based on unused and unpaid sick leave, personal leave, holiday leave or vacation time due an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

Capital Reserve

Capital Reserve (Education Law §3651) is used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve; the ultimate amount, its probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditure may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

voters. The form for the required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law. These reserves are accounted for in the general fund and the capital projects fund.

Restricted for Debt Service

Unexpended balances of proceeds of borrowings for capital projects, interest and earnings from investing proceeds of obligations, and premiums and accrued interest on long-term borrowings are recorded in the debt service fund and held until appropriated for debt payments. These restricted amounts are accounted for in the debt service fund.

Restricted for Scholarships

Amounts restricted for scholarships are used to account for monies donated for scholarship purposes, including earnings and net of awards. These restricted funds are accounted for in the private purpose trust fund.

Assigned – Consists of amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint that represents an intended use established by the District's Board of Education. The purpose of the assignment must be narrower than the purpose of the general fund, and in funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the residual amount of fund balance. Assigned fund balance includes an amount appropriated to partially fund the subsequent year's budget, as well as encumbrances not classified as restricted at the end of the fiscal year.

Unassigned – Represents the residual classification for the District's general fund and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the general fund, the unassigned classification is used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending of available resources. NYS Real Property Tax Law §1318 restricts the unassigned fund balance of the general fund to an amount not greater than 4% of the subsequent year's budget.

Fund Balance Classification

Any portion of fund balance may be applied or transferred for a specific purpose by law, voter approval if required by law or by formal action of the Board of Education if voter approval is not required. Amendments or modification to the applied or transferred fund balance must also be approved by formal action of the Board of Education.

The Board of Education shall delegate the authority to assign fund balance, for encumbrance purposes, to the person(s) to whom it has delegated the authority to sign purchase orders.

In circumstances where an expenditure is incurred for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications (that is restricted, assigned or unassigned) the expenditure is to be spent first from the restricted fund balance to the extent appropriated by the budget or any Board approved budget revision, then from the assigned fund balance to the extent appropriated by the Board, and then from the unassigned fund balance.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. FUTURE ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements are issued to set generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for state and local governments. The following is not an all-inclusive list of GASB standards issued, but statements that the District feels may have a future impact on these financial statements. The District will evaluate the impact of these pronouncements and implement them, as applicable, if material.

Statement Effective for the Year Ending

GASB No. 84 - Fiduciary Activities June 30, 2021 GASB No. 87 - Leases June 30, 2022

GASB Statement No. 84 will require the District to assess activities currently classified as fiduciary and reported in the fiduciary funds to determine if these activities should be considered fiduciary in nature or if these activities should be reported as governmental funds.

GASB Statement No. 87 will change the reporting of leases in the district-wide financial statements. A lessee will be required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor will be required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of financial resources.

3. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS AND THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the district-wide statements and the governmental fund statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items.

A. Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds vs. Net Position of Governmental Activities

Total fund balances of the District's governmental funds differ from net position of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental fund Balance Sheet, as applied to the reporting of capital assets and long-term assets and liabilities.

B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances vs. Statement of Activities

Differences between the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Statement of Activities fall into any of four broad categories.

Long-Term Revenue and Expense Differences

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available", whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis, whereas the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities, thereby affecting expenses such as compensated absences.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Capital Related Differences

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds from the sale of capital assets reported on fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the fund statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

Long-Term Debt Transaction Differences

Long-term debt transaction differences occur because the issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but is recorded as a liability in the Statement of Net Position. In addition, both interest and principal are recorded as expenditures in the fund statements when due and payable, whereas interest expense is recorded in the Statement of Activities as it accrues, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits Differences

Pension differences occur as a result of recognizing pension costs using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting, whereby an expenditure is recognized based on the contractually required contribution as calculated by the plan, versus the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, whereby an expense is recognized related to the District's proportionate share of the collective pension expense of the plan.

Other postemployment benefit differences occur as a result of recognizing OPEB costs using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting, whereby an expenditure is recognized for premiums and other postemployment benefit costs as they mature (come due for payment), versus the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, whereby an expense is recognized related to the future cost of benefits in retirement over the term of employment.

3. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgets

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the general fund, the only fund with a legally adopted budget.

The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget for the general fund.

Appropriations are established by the adoption of the budget, are recorded at the program line item level, and constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) that may be incurred. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year can be funded by the planned use of specific reserves, and can be increased by budget amendments approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law) and appropriation of fund balances. These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. The following supplemental appropriations occurred during the year:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Transfer to capital projects fund funded by capital reserve as approved by the voters in June 2020 Contingent expenditures funded by donations

\$ 3,640,000 27,484

\$ 3,667,484

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital projects based on authorized funding. The maximum project amount authorized is based upon the estimated cost of the project. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as part of assigned fund balance, unless classified as restricted, and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

4. DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INVESTMENTS

The District's investment policies are governed by state statutes and District policy. Resources must be deposited in Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the state. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities. Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its Agencies and obligations of New York State and its municipalities.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District may be unable to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside agency. GASB directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are as follows:

- A. Uncollateralized,
- B. Collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution, or
- C. Collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

The District's aggregate bank balances were covered by FDIC insurance or fully collateralized by securities pledged on the District's behalf at year end.

The District did not have any investments at year-end or during the year. Consequently, the District was not exposed to any material interest rate risk or foreign currency risk.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

5. PARTICIPATION IN BOCES

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the District was billed \$12,855,439 for BOCES administrative and program costs. The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$1,984,906. Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative offices at 507 Deer Park Road, P.O. Box 8007, Huntington Station, New York, 11746-9007.

6. DUE FROM STATE AND FEDERAL

Due from state and federal at June 30, 2020 consisted of:

General Fund		
New York State - General aid	\$	35,954
New York State - Excess cost aid		1,018,281
BOCES aid	72	1,032,250
		2,086,485
Special Aid Fund		
Federal and State grants		2,539,950
School Food Service Fund		
Federal and State food service		
program reimbursements		285,887
	_\$	4,912,322

District management expects these amounts to be fully collectible.

7. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Due from other governments at June 30, 2020 consisted of:

	\$	481,181
CPSE Admin - County	-	116,788
Town of Huntington - PILOT revenue		88,832
Tuition and health services - other districts	\$	275,561
General Fund		

District management expects these amounts to be fully collectible.

8. OTHER ASSETS

The District has provided life insurance policies with split dollar provisions for certain of its former employees. The split dollar provisions provide for the payment of insurance proceeds to the District upon the demise of the insured or cash surrender value if the policy is cashed in prior to death.

At June 30, 2020, total cash surrender value for these policies amounted to \$338,291, which has been recorded as other assets in the general fund. The corresponding revenue to this receivable is included in unavailable revenues and will be recognized in the year that the proceeds are received.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

9. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, were as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	June 30, 2019	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2020
Governmental activities		2/		•
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,545,142	\$	\$	\$ 1,545,142
Construction in progress	3,702,281	2,206,434	(3,340,511)	2,568,204
Total capital assets	(·		
not being depreciated	5,247,423	2,206,434	(3,340,511)	4,113,346
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	49,722,812	5,618,010		55,340,822
Site improvements	6,902,379			6,902,379
Furniture and equipment	5,537,531	104,389	(752,820)	4,889,100
Total capital assets		\$		
being depreciated	62,162,722	5,722,399	(752,820)	67,132,301
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	37,156,738	1,368,059		38,524,797
Site improvements	3,758,900	314,319		4,073,219
Furniture and equipment	3,770,494	417,223	(752,820)	3,434,897
Total accumulated depreciation	44,686,132	2,099,601	(752,820)	46,032,913
Total capital assets,				
being depreciated, net	17,476,590	3,622,798		21,099,388
Capital assets, net	\$ 22,724,013	\$ 5,829,232	\$ (3,340,511)	\$ 25,212,734
			V	

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General support	\$	87,675		
Instruction		2,007,462		
Food service program		4,464		
	()			
Total depreciation expense	\$_	2,099,601		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

10. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund balances and activities at June 30, 2020, are as follows:

	Interfund							
		Receivable		Payable		ransfers In	_Tr	ansfers Out
General Fund	\$	3,315,134	\$	7,905,358	\$	1,457,221	\$	4,295,750
Special Aid Fund				2,554,694		237,368		
School Food Service Fund		37,903		57,983		187,582		
Debt Service Fund						230,800		
Capital Projects Fund		7,867,455		702,457		3,640,000		1,457,221
Total Governmental Funds		11,220,492		11,220,492	\$	5,752,971	\$	5,752,971
Agency Fund				1,054,692	_			
Private Purpose Trust Fund		1,054,692						
Total Fiduciary Funds		1,054,692		1,054,692				
Total	\$	12,275,184	\$	12,275,184				

The District typically transfers from the general fund to other governmental funds per the approved budget. The transfer to the special aid fund was for the District's share of the costs for the summer program for students with disabilities and the state-supported Section 4201 schools. The transfer to the school food service fund was to provide support for the program. The transfer to the debt service fund was for the payment of principal and interest on long-term outstanding indebtedness. The transfer from the capital projects fund to the general fund represents the return of unexpended amounts on completed capital projects originally funded by the 2008 and 2013 capital reserves. In addition, the general fund transferred from the 2008, 2013 and 2017 capital reserves \$3,640,000 per the June 2020 voter authorization, to the capital projects fund, for projects to be completed at the high school, middle school, STEM Magnet school and a primary school.

11. SHORT-TERM DEBT

Short-term debt activity for the year is summarized below:

	Maturity	Stated Interest Rate	Balance June 30, 2019	Issued	Redeemed	Balance June 30, 2020
TAN	6/25/20	2.00%	\$	\$ 18,000,000	\$ (18,000,000)	\$

Interest on short-term debt for the year was \$243,000. The District received a premium of \$90,720, which is included in miscellaneous revenue in the general fund, to yield an effective interest rate of 1.2533%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

12. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A. Changes

Long-term liability balances and activity, excluding pension and other postemployment benefits obligations, for the year are summarized below:

	Balance June 30, 2019			Balance June 30, 2020	Amounts Due Within One Year	
Long-term debt: Bonds payable	\$ 1,395,000	\$	\$ (175,000)	\$ 1,220,000	\$ 180,000	
Other long-term liabilities: Compensated absences Workers' compensation	6,363,421 2,748,749	444,519	(767,086)	6,807,940 2,730,621	81,353 553,739	
	\$ 10,507,170	\$ 1,193,477	\$ (942,086)	\$ 10,758,561	\$ 815,092	

The general fund has typically been used to liquidate other long-term liabilities.

B. Bonds Payable

Bonds payable is comprised of the following:

	Issue	Issue Final		Outstanding at			
Description	Date	Maturity	Rate	June 30, 2020			
Refunding debt	4/2015	6/2026	2.0-4.0%	\$ 1,220,000			

The following is a summary of debt service requirements for bonds payable:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		_	Total
2021	\$	180,000	\$	48,800	\$	228,800
2022		190,000		41,600		231,600
2023		200,000		34,000		234,000
2024		210,000		26,000		236,000
2025		215,000		17,600		232,600
2026		225,000		9,000		234,000
Total	\$	1,220,000	_\$	177,000	_\$_	1,397,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

C. Interest Expense

Interest on long-term debt for the year was composed of:

Interest paid	\$ 55,800
Less interest accrued in the prior year	(2,325)
Plus interest accrued in the current year	 2,033
Total interest expense on long-term debt	\$ 55,508

13. PENSION PLANS - NEW YORK STATE

A. General Information

The District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) and the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). These are cost-sharing multiple employer, public employee retirement systems. The systems provide retirement, disability, withdrawal and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries related to years of service and final average salary.

B. Provisions and Administration

Teachers' Retirement System

The TRS is administered by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board. The TRS provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in the TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the TRS, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. Additional information regarding the TRS may be found on the TRS website at www.nystrs.org or obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, New York, 12211-2395.

Employees' Retirement System

Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the NYSRSSL. The net position of the ERS is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the ERS. As set forth in the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller of the State of New York (Comptroller) serves as the trustee of the fund and is the administrative head of the ERS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the ERS, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The ERS is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided on the NYS Comptroller's website at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, New York, 12244.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

C. Funding Policies

Plan members who joined the systems before July 27, 1976, are not required to make contributions. Those joining on or after July 27, 1976, and before January 1, 2010, with less than ten years of credited services are required to contribute 3% of their salary. Those joining on or after January 1, 2010 and before April 1, 2012, are required to contribute 3% of their salary to ERS or 3.5% of their salary to TRS throughout active membership. Those joining on or after April 1, 2012, are required to contribute between 3% and 6% dependent on their salary throughout active membership. Employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate based on covered salaries paid. For the TRS, the employers' contribution rate is established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board for the TRS' fiscal year ended June 30th, and employer contributions are deducted from state aid in the subsequent months of September, October and November. For the ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions for the ERS' fiscal year ended March 31st, and employer contributions are either paid by the prior December 15th less a 1% discount or by the prior February 1st. The District paid 100% of the required contributions as billed by the TRS and ERS for the current year. The District's contribution rate was 10.62% of covered payroll for the TRS' fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The District's average contribution rate was 14.11% of covered payroll for the ERS' fiscal year ended March 31, 2020.

The District's share of the required contributions, based on covered payroll for the District's year ended June 30, 2020 was \$4,321,731 for TRS at the contribution rate of 8.86% and \$1,718,799 for ERS at an average contribution rate of 14.11%.

D. Pension Asset/(Liability), Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the District reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) for each of the systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of June 30, 2018, for TRS and March 31, 2020 for ERS. The total pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the TRS and the ERS in reports provided to the District.

		TRS	ERS
Measurement date	Ju	ne 30, 2019	March 31, 2020
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$	7,366,131	\$ (10,555,321)
District's portion of the Plan's total net pension asset/(liability)	ı	0.2835300%	0.0398606%
Change in proportion since the prior measurement date		(0.0028840)	(0.0015508)

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$9,054,210 for TRS and \$3,709,646 for ERS. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

	Deferred Outflows of Resources					Deferred Inflows of Resour			
		TRS	ERS		TRS			ERS	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	4,991,839	\$	621,223	\$	547,760	\$		
Changes of assumptions		13,915,607		212,534		3,393,019		183,520	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments				5,411,171		5,907,257			
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions		183,073		313,875		321,222		136,989	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	4,321,731		457,947					
Total	\$	23,412,250	\$	7,016,750	\$	10,169,258	\$	320,509	

District contributions, subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	TRS		ERS	
2021	\$	3,277,263	\$	1,101,632
2022		156,179		1,588,188
2023		3,265,184		1,967,510
2024		2,155,507		1,580,964
2025		277,686		
Thereafter	_	(210,558)		
	\$	8,921,261	_\$_	6,238,294

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

	TRS	ERS
Measurement date	June 30, 2019	March 31, 2020
Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2018	April 1, 2019
Inflation	2.20%	2.50%
Salary increases	1.90-4.72%	4.20%
Investment rate of return (net of investment		
expense, including inflation)	7.10%	6.80%
Cost of living adjustments	1.30%	1.30%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2018, applied on a generational basis. Active member mortality rates are based on plan member experience. For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2020 – March 31, 2015 system experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2018.

For TRS, the actuarial assumptions were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014. For ERS, the actuarial assumptions were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2010 – March 31, 2015.

For TRS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice (ASOP) No. 27, *Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations*. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return. Consideration was given to expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class, as well as historical investment data and plan performance.

For ERS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized below:

	TRS		ERS	
	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Rate of Return
Measurement date		June 30, 2019		March 31, 2020
Asset type				
Domestic equity	33.0%	6.30%	36.0%	4.05%
International equity	16.0%	7.80%	14.0%	6.15%
Global equity	4.0%	7.20%		
Real estate	11.0%	4.60%	10.0%	4.95%
Private equities	8.0%	9.90%	10.0%	6.75%
Alternatives investments			8.0%	3.25-5.95%
Domestic fixed income securities	16.0%	1.30%		
Global fixed income securities	2.0%	0.90%		
High-yield fixed income securities	1.0%	3.60%		
Bonds and mortgages			17.0%	0.75%
Private debt	1.0%	6.50%		
Real estate debt	7.0%	2.90%		
Cash and equivalents	1.0%	0.30%	.1	
Cash			1.0%	0.00%
Inflation indexed bonds		_	4.0%	0.50%
	100.0%	-	100.0%	

Real rates of return are net of a long-term inflation assumption of 2.2% for TRS and 2.5% for ERS.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10% for TRS and 6.80% for ERS (the discount rate used by the TRS at the prior year's measurement date of June 30, 2018, was 7.25% and the discount rate used by the ERS at the prior year's measurement date of March 31, 2019, was 7.00%). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based upon the assumptions, the systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/(Liability) to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) calculated using the discount rate of 7.10% for TRS and 6.80% for ERS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.10% for TRS and 5.80% for ERS) or 1 percentage point higher (8.10% for TRS and 7.80% for ERS) than the current rate:

TRS	1% Decrease 6.10 %	Current Assumption 7.10 %	1% Increase 8.10 %	
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (33,249,947)	\$ 7,366,131	\$ 41,438,437	
ERS	1% Decrease 5.80 %	Current Assumption 6.80 %	1% Increase 7.80 %	
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (19,371,994)	\$ (10,555,321)	\$ (2,435,128)	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current-year net pension asset/(liability) of the employers as of the respective measurement dates, were as follows:

	TRS	ERS		
	(Dollars in Thousands)			
Measurement date	June 30, 2019	March 31, 2020		
Employers' total pension liability	\$ (119,879,474)	\$ (194,596,261)		
Plan fiduciary net position	122,477,481	168,115,682		
Employers' net pension asset/(liability)	\$ 2,598,007	\$ (26,480,579)		
Ratio of plan fiduciary net position to the employers' total pension liability	102.17%	86.39%		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Payables to the Pension Plan

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, are paid to the system in September, October and November 2020 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020, represent employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, based on paid TRS covered wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 amounted to \$4,321,731 of employer contributions and \$288,293 of employee contributions.

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the system's fiscal year, which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2020 through June 30, 2020 based on paid ERS covered wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 amounted to \$457,947 of employer contributions. Employee contributions are remitted monthly.

14. PENSION PLANS - OTHER

A. Tax Sheltered Annuities

The District has adopted a 403(b) plan covering all eligible employees. Employees may defer up to 100% of their compensation subject to Internal Revenue Code elective deferral limitations. The District may also make non-elective contributions of certain compensated absence payments based on collectively bargained agreements. Contributions made by the District and the employees for the year ended June 30, 2020, totaled \$279,690, and \$2,751,909, respectively.

B. Deferred Compensation Plan

The District has established a deferred compensation plan in accordance with Internal Revenue Code §457 for administrators, central office staff, teachers and chairs. The District makes no contributions into this Plan. The amount deferred by eligible employees for the year ended June 30, 2020 totaled \$398,272.

15. POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS

A. General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description – The District provides OPEB for eligible, retired employees of the District based on employment contracts. The benefits provided to employees upon retirement are based on provisions in the various contracts that the District has in place with different classifications of employees. The plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered through the New York State Health Insurance Program – Empire Plan. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

Benefits Provided – The District provides medical, Medicare part B reimbursement, major medical, vision and term life insurance for eligible retirees. The benefit terms are dependent on which contract each employee falls under. The specifics of each contract are on file at the District offices and are available upon request.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – At July 1, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments

Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments

Active employees

670

1,514

B. Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$305,014,491 was measured as of June 30, 2020 and was determined by an actuarial valuation dated July 1, 2019.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – The total OPEB liability, as of the measurement date, was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.20%	
Salary increases including inflation	2.60%	
Discount rate	2.21%	
Healthcare cost trend rates	6.60%	decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.10% over 56 years
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs	15 - 40%	of projected health insurance premiums for retirees

The discount rate was based on Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Year Municipal Bond Index

Mortality rates were based on RP-2014 adjusted to 2006 Total Dataset Mortality Table projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2017. Mortality improvement was projected to date of decrement using Scale MP-2017 (generational mortality).

C. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ 259,178,736
Changes for the year	
Service cost	10,184,941
Interest	9,298,198
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(1,487,845)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	35,306,417
Benefit payments	(7,465,956)
	45,835,755
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 305,014,491

Change in assumptions or other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.5% in 2019 to 2.21% in 2020.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.21%) or 1 percentage point higher (3.21%) than the current discount rate:

9	1% Decrease Rate				
ОРЕВ	1.21 %	2.21 %	3.21 %		
Total OPEB liability	\$ (361,262,259)	\$ (305,014,491)	\$ (260,263,540)		

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (5.60%) or 1 percentage point higher (7.60%) than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	1% Decrease	1% Decrease Trend Rates 1% Incre				
	5.60 %	6.60 %	7.60 %			
	decreasing to	decreasing to	decreasing to			
OPEB	3.10 %	4.10 %	5.10 %			
Total OPEB liability	\$ (258,684,692)	\$ (305,014,491)	\$ (366,021,230)			

D. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$21,103,691. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred		
	Outflows	Inflows	
	of Resources	of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	\$ 1,423,912	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	29,702,224	13,335,901	
Total	\$ 29,702,224	\$ 14,759,813	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Amount	
2021	\$ 1,620,552	
2022	1,620,552	
2023	1,620,552	
2024	3,102,318	
2025	5,368,027	
Thereafter	1,610,410	
	\$ 14,942,411	

16. DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In the governmental fund financial statements deferred inflows of resources, at June 30, 2020 of \$852,162, this includes a portion of the amount due from New York State for local aid payments, including BOCES aid, which is unavailable. Of the 2019-2020 school year aid payments outstanding at June 30, 2020, 20% was effectively withheld by the State, in response to revenue losses. These amounts included with unavailable revenues, in the general fund at June 30, 2020, total \$417,297.

17. RISK MANAGEMENT

A. General Information

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; injuries to employees; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by a combination of self-insurance reserves and commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage as compared to the prior year, and settled claims from these risks have not exceeded available reserves and commercial insurance coverage for the past three years.

B. Risk Retention

The District has established a self-insured plan for risks associated with workers' compensation claims. Liabilities of the plan are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for reported and unreported claims which were incurred on or before year end but not reported (IBNR) based on an actuarial valuation which reflects a 2% discount rate. Claims activity is summarized below:

	 2019		2020
Unpaid claims at beginning of year Incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses Claim payments	\$ 2,767,114 659,541 (677,906)	\$	2,748,749 748,958 (767,086)
Unpaid claims at year end	 2,748,749	\$_	2,730,621

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

18. RESTRICTED FUND BALANCE - APPROPRIATED RESERVES

The District expects to appropriate the following amounts from reserves, which are reported in the June 30, 2020 restricted fund balances to fund the budget:

\$	700,000
	100,000
	744,001
	1,969,408
00000000	450,000
\$	3,963,409
	\$

19. ASSIGNED APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE

The amount of \$2,000,000 has been appropriated to reduce taxes for the year ending June 30, 2020.

20. RESTRICTED FOR CAPITAL RESERVES

The following is a summary of the District's restricted capital reserve activity since inception:

		Capital	Reserve	
	I	II	III	IV
Date Created	May 2008	May 2013	May 2017	May 2018
Number of Years to Fund	8	8	8	5
Maximum Funding	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 12,500,000	\$ 1,500,000
General Fund				
Funding Provided Since Inception	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 7,672,114	\$ 562,912
Interest Earnings Since Inception	34,962	84,673	76,667	2,912
Use of Reserve Since Inception	(10,034,426)	(10,077,316)	(4,231,457)	(565,824)
Total General Fund	536	7,357	3,517,324	
Capital Projects Fund				
Funding Provided Since Inception	10,034,426	10,077,316	4,231,457	565,824
Use of Reserve Since Inception	(9,552,173)	(7,454,527)	(81,119)	(22,404)
Total Capital Projects Fund	482,253	2,622,789	4,150,338	543,420
Balance as of June 30, 2020	\$ 482,789	\$ 2,630,146	\$ 7,667,662	\$ 543,420

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

21. TAX ABATEMENTS

The Suffolk County Industrial Development Agency, enters into various property tax abatement programs for the purpose of economic development. The amount of property tax revenue that was reduced as a result of these programs is \$5,797. The District received payment in lieu of taxes (PILOT) payments totaling \$88,832.

22. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Encumbrances

All encumbrances are classified as either restricted or assigned fund balance. At June 30, 2020, the District encumbered the following amounts:

Restricted Fund Balance Capital Projects Fund	
Capital projects	\$ 3,035,567
Assigned: Unappropriated Fund Balance: General Fund	
General support	953,056
Instruction	280,361
	1,233,417
	\$ 4,268,984

B. Grants

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the state and federal governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior audits, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

C. Litigation

The District is involved in lawsuits arising from the normal conduct of its affairs. The District believes that the outcome of any matters will not have a material effect on these financial statements.

D. Operating Leases

The District leases various equipment under non-cancelable operating leases. Rental expense for the year was approximately \$193,424. The minimum remaining operating lease payments are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		Amount
2021	\$	102,651
2022		26,611
2023		4,811
2024		4,811
2025	-	4,811
	\$	143,695

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

23. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District has evaluated subsequent events through the date of the auditor's report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. No significant events were identified that would require adjustment of or disclosure in the financial statements, except for the following:

A. Issuance of TANs

The District expects to issue \$16,000,000 in tax anticipation notes on October 15, 2020, which will mature on June 25, 2021 and bear interest at a stated rate of 1.50%. The District expects to receive a premium of \$133,280 with the borrowing to yield an effective interest rate of 0.3005%.

B. Impact of COVID-19

On March 11, 2020, coronavirus disease (COVID-19) was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization. COVID-19 is an international, national and New York State public health emergency. As such, the COVID-19 outbreak is disrupting business activity across a range of industries. At this point, the extent of the impact of COVID-19 on the District's operational and financial performance will depend on certain developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak, and the effect on the District's residents, employees and vendors, as well as the state, all of which are uncertain and cannot be predicted.

HUNTINGTON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - General Fund

For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget Variance with Actual
REVENUES				
Local Sources				
Real property taxes	\$ 110,400,611	\$ 103,624,236	\$ 103,624,657	\$ 421
Other tax items	101,219	6,877,594	6,865,207	(12,387)
Charges for services	381,000	381,000	302,491	(78,509)
Use of money and property	556,000	556,000	403,133	(152,867)
Sale of property				
and compensation for loss			70,026	70,026
Miscellaneous	535,000	555,605	951,502	395,897_
Total Local Sources	111,973,830	111,994,435	112,217,016	222,581
State Sources	17,827,613	17,827,613	18,167,255	339,642
Total Revenues	129,801,443	129,822,048	130,384,271	562,223
OTHER SOURCES				
Operating Transfers In	120,000	120,000	1,457,221	1,337,221_
Total Revenues and Other Sources	129,921,443	129,942,048	131,841,492	\$ 1,899,444
APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE				
Prior Years' Surplus	1,400,000	1,406,879		
Prior Year's Encumbrances	974,065	974,065		
Appropriated Reserves	2,167,000	5,807,000		
Total Appropriated Fund Balance	4,541,065	8,187,944		
Total Revenues, Other Sources				
and Appropriated Fund Balance	\$ 134,462,508	\$ 138,129,992		

Note to Required Supplementary Information

Budget Basis of Accounting

Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

HUNTINGTON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - General Fund (Continued)

For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Year End cumbrances	Va	inal Budget ariance with Actual ncumbrances
EXPENDITURES				-					
General Support									
Board of education	\$ 51,232	\$	51,232	\$	39,545	\$	320	\$	11,367
Central administration	332,472		332,472		328,470				4,002
Finance	1,331,719		1,441,103		1,312,422		551		128,130
Staff	972,172		972,172		809,962		116		162,094
Central services	9,163,271		9,814,069		8,100,350		952,069		761,650
Special items	1,142,732		1,148,632	_	1,062,968				85,664
				100					-
Total General Support	12,993,598	-	13,759,680	-	11,653,717		953,056		1,152,907
Instruction									
Administration & improvement	6,000,398		6,010,541		5,183,658		10,846		816,037
Teaching - regular school	36,595,442		35,672,820		33,637,989		93,679		1,941,152
Programs for students									
with disabilities	22,729,283		23,446,962		22,291,489		74,645		1,080,828
Occupational education	1,417,272		1,438,872		1,404,712				34,160
Teaching - special schools	372,040		372,040		352,877				19,163
Instructional media	2,605,928		3,807,625		3,342,624		86,075		378,926
Pupil services	4,438,314	_	4,902,265	11	4,012,258		15,116		874,891
Total Instruction	74,158,677	_	75,651,125	-	70,225,607		280,361		5,145,157
Pupil Transportation	10,923,236		10,838,127	_	8,514,046				2,324,081
Employee Benefits	35,356,197	11	33,207,260		30,160,951				3,046,309
Debt Service - interest	240,000		243,000		243,000			-	
Total Expenditures	133,671,708		133,699,192		120,797,321		1,233,417		11,668,454
OTHER USES Operating Transfers Out	790,800		4,430,800		4,295,750				135,050
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 134,462,508	_\$_	138,129,992		125,093,071		1,233,417		11,803,504
Net Change in Fund Balance					6,748,421				
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year				_	23,861,181				
Fund Balance - End of Year					30,609,602				

Note to Required Supplementary Information

Budget Basis of Accounting

Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

HUNTINGTON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/Liability

Last Six Fiscal Years

Teachers' Retirement System

	_	2020	_	2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
District's proportion of the net pension asset (liability)		0.283530%		0.286414%		0.285776%		0.278921%		0.278733%		0.278975%
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$	7,366,131	\$	5,179,123	\$	2,172,184	\$	(2,987,364)	\$	28,951,470	\$	31,076,115
District's covered payroll	\$	47,923,393	\$	47,097,886	\$	45,649,714	\$	44,582,849	\$	43,439,992	\$	42,678,795
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability) as a percentage of its covered payroll		15.37 %		11.00 %		4.76 %		6.70 %		66.65 %		72.81 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		102.17%		101.53%		100.66%		99.01%		110.46%		111.48%
Discount rate		7.10 %		7.25 %		7.25 %		7.50 %		8.00 %		8.00 %

Employees' Retirement System

	 2020	_	2019	2019 2018		2017		2016		_	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.039861%		0.041411%		0.042671%		0.039876%		0.042188%		0.042340%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ (10,555,321)	\$	(2,934,124)	\$	(1,377,182)	\$	(3,746,795)	\$	(6,771,270)	\$	(1,430,343)
District's covered payroll	\$ 12,235,901	\$	12,120,143	\$	12,371,765	\$	12,387,920	\$	12,592,594	\$	11,965,445
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	86.27 %		24.21 %		11.13 %		30.25 %		53.77 %		11.95 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	86.39%		96.27%		98.24%		94.70%		90.68%		97.95%
Discount rate	6.80 %		7.00 %		7.00 %		7.00 %		7.00 %		7.50 %

 $An \ additional \ year \ of \ historical \ information \ will \ be \ added \ each \ year, subsequent \ to \ the \ year \ of \ implementation, until \ 10 \ years \ of \ historical \ data \ is \ available$

HUNTINGTON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of District Pension Contributions

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Teachers' Retirement System

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011		
Contractually required contribution	\$ 4,321,731	\$ 5,026,028	\$ 4,615,593	\$ 5,307,536	\$ 5,724,976	\$ 7,319,763	\$ 6,686,748	\$ 4,855,866	\$ 4,429,859	\$ 3,885,693		
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	4,321,731	5,026,028	4,615,593	5,307,536	5,724,976	7,319,763	6,686,748	4,855,866	4,429,859	3,885,693		
Contribution deficiency (excess)		\$ -	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<u> </u>	_\$	<u>s -</u>		
District's covered payroll	\$ 48,778,002	\$ 47,923,393	\$ 47,097,886	\$ 45,649,714	\$ 44,582,849	\$ 43,439,992	\$ 42,678,795	\$ 42,023,298	\$ 42,093,995	\$ 45,291,162		
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	9%	10%	10%	12%	13%	17%	16%	12%	11%	9%		
Employees' Retirement System												
			Employ	ees' Retirement S	System							
	2020	2019	<i>Employ</i> 2018	ees' Retirement S	System 2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011		
Contractually required contribution	<u>2020</u> \$ 1,718,799	2019 \$ 1,698,507				2015 \$ 2,414,526	2014 \$ 2,428,021	2013 \$ 1,802,225		2011 \$ 1,665,284		
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution			2018	2017	2016							
Contributions in relation to the contractually	\$ 1,718,799	\$ 1,698,507	2018 \$ 1,812,104	<u>2017</u> \$ 1,750,779	2016 \$ 2,043,486	\$ 2,414,526	\$ 2,428,021	\$ 1,802,225	\$ 1,570,365	\$ 1,665,284		
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 1,718,799 1,718,799	\$ 1,698,507 1,698,507	2018 \$ 1,812,104	\$ 1,750,779 1,750,779	2016 \$ 2,043,486 2,043,486	\$ 2,414,526	\$ 2,428,021	\$ 1,802,225	\$ 1,570,365	\$ 1,665,284		

HUNTINGTON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Three Fiscal Years

	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability			
Service cost	\$ 10,184,941	\$ 11,368,279	\$ 11,037,164
Interest	9,298,198	8,266,350	7,916,896
Changes in benefit terms			B
Differences between expected and actual experience	(1,487,845)	9	(301,407)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	35,306,417	(20,744,735)	*
Benefit payments	(7,465,956)	(7,718,720)	(6,957,478)
Net change in total OPEB liability	45,835,755	(8,828,826)	11,695,175
Total OPEB liability, beginning	259,178,736	268,007,562	256,312,387
Total OPEB liability, ending	\$ 305,014,491	\$ 259,178,736	\$ 268,007,562
Covered employee payroll	\$ 53,662,088	\$ 57,896,983	\$ 57,896,983
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	568.40%	447.65%	462.90%
Discount rate	2.21 %	3.50 %	3.00 %
Health care trend rates	6.60% to 4.1% over 56 years	7.50% to 4.5% by 2023	7.50% to 4.5% by 2023

An additional year of historical information will be added each year, subsequent to the year of implementation, until 10 years of historical data is available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement NO. 75 to pay related benefits.

HUNTINGTON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedules of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget and the Real Property Tax Limit - General Fund

For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET

Adopted Budget		\$	133,488,443
Additions: Prior year's encumbrances			074 065
Prior year's encumbrances		_	974,065
Original Budget			134,462,508
Budget revisions Transfer to capital projects fund funded by capital reserves as approved by the voters in June 2020 Contingent expenditures funded by donations	\$ 3,640,000 27,484		3,667,484
Final Budget		\$	138,129,992
SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION 2020-2021 voter-approved expenditure budget Maximum allowed (4% of 2020-2021 budget) General Fund Fund Balance Subject to § 1318 of Real Property Tax Law:		\$ = \$	135,938,167 5,437,527
Unrestricted fund balance: Assigned fund balance Unassigned fund balance	\$ 3,233,417 5,437,525	\$	8,670,942
Less: Appropriated fund balance Encumbrances	2,000,000 1,233,417		
Total adjustments			3,233,417
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to § 1318 of Real Property Tax Law:		\$	5,437,525
Actual Percentage			4.00%

HUNTINGTON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Project Expenditures and Financing Resources - Capital Projects Fund For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Expenditures				Methods of Financing					
	Budget	Budget	Prior	Current		Unexpended	Proceeds of			Balance		
PROJECT TITLE	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	Years	Year	Total	Balance	Obligations State Aid	Local Sources	Total	June 30, 2020	_	
2016 HS ADA Compliant Locker Room Restrooms, Wheelchair Lift, Ramps												
and Foundation Repairs #001-045	\$ 211,599	\$ 195,000	\$ 185,959	\$ (1,923)	\$ 184,036	\$ 10,964	s s	\$ 195,000	\$ 195,000	\$ 10,964		
2016 JTFMS ADA Compliant Rest	4 211,577	\$ 175,000	4 105,757	J (1,525)	Ψ 101,050	4 10,501	*	4 175,000	4 270,000	10,701		
Rooms and Ramps and Door												
Upgrades Panel and Foundation												
#014-024	421,665	531,000	421,603	61	421,664	109,336		531,000	531,000	109,336		
2016 WHIS ADA Compliant Restrooms,												
Office Counters and Ramps #004-020	115,711	100,000	85,963	502	86,465	13,535		100,000	100,000	13,535		
2016 JA STEM School ADA Compliant												
Restrooms and Ramps and Fire Rated												
Doors #017-018	614,932	800,000	583,206	21,833	605,039	194,961		800,000	800,000	194,961		
2016 FHPS ADA Compliant Restrooms and Door Replacement #002-020	146,058	90,000	76,008		76,008	13,992		90,000	90,000	13,992		
2016 JPS ADA Compliant Restrooms,	146,058	90,000	76,008		76,008	13,992		90,000	90,000	13,992		
Ramps and Entry Way Vestibule												
#013-016	388,740	325,000	307,149	1,894	309,043	15,957		325,000	325,000	15,957		
SDPS ADA Compliant Restrooms	,	,	,	-,						(
#003-019	155,103	50,000	40,730		40,730	9,270		50,000	50,000	9,270		
WPS ADA Compliant Rest Room and												
Doorway #009-019	82,292	45,000	41,135		41,135	3,865		45,000	45,000	3,865		
2017 JTFMS Exterior Door Replacement												
and Woodshop Rollup Door #014-025	150,000	150,000	15,857	79,208	95,065	54,935		150,000	150,000	54,935	•	
2017 JTFMS Exterior Door Replacement	445.000	145.000	6450	400.000	400 500	< 450		445.000	145.000	6.470	020	
and Vestibule in Main Lobby #004-021 2017 SDPS Vestibule #030-020	145,000 100,000	145,000 100,000	6,159 60,641	132,363	138,522	6,478 39,359		145,000 100,000	145,000 100,000	6,478 39,359		
2017 SDF3 Vestibule #050-020 2018 [TFMS Tile & Seats in LGI Room	100,000	100,000	00,041		60,641	39,339		100,000	100,000	39,339		
#014-026	600,000	600,000	244,477	312,362	556,839	43,161		600,000	600,000	43,161		
2018 FHPS Security Vestibule	000,000	500,000	244,777	512,502	330,037	45,101		000,000	000,000	45,101		
#002-021	100,000	100,000	61,541	290	61,831	38,169		100,000	100,000	38,169		
2018 FHPS Roof		,	/		,	,		400,000	200,000	20,207		
#002-022	1,560,000	1,560,000		1,085,777	1,085,777	474,223		1,560,000	1,560,000	474,223		
2018 HS Roll Up Doors												
#001-046	125,000	125,000	2,620	106,923	109,543	15,457		125,000	125,000	15,457		
2018 JPS Bathroom Tiles												
#013-017	65,000	65,000	6,217	53,903	60,120	4,880		65,000	65,000	4,880		
2018 JPS Roof	4 800 000			015.110								
#013-018 2018 SDPS Roof	1,500,000	1,500,000	549,979	845,462	1,395,441	104,559		1,500,000	1,500,000	104,559		
#003-021	1,560,000	1,560,000	5,077	968,957	974,034	585,966		1,560,000	1,560,000	585,966		
2018 WPS Security Vestibule	2,500,000	2,500,000	3,077	700,757	77 1,051	303,700		1,500,000	1,500,000	303,700		
#009-021	100,000	100,000	56,524	4,504	61,028	38,972		100,000	100,000	38,972		
2018 WHIS Parking Lot, Curbs		7,50			,							
& Bathroom Tiles #004-022	741,000	741,000	299,716	423,468	723,184	17,816		741,000	741,000	17,816		
2018 WHIS Boilers,												
#004-023	800,000	800,000	440,788	232,760	673,548	126,452		800,000	800,000	126,452		
Donation - Mock Trial Theater	40,000	40,000	30,035		30,035	9,965		40,000	40,000	9,965		
2017 - 2018 Interfund Transfer	100,000	100,000	92,790		92,790	7,210		100,000	100,000	7,210		
DASNY Lighting Grant	50,000	36,809	36,809		36,809		36,80	9	36,809			
2019 JTFMS Student Lockers	(00.000	(00.000		40.000	10.000	550.044			400.000			
#014-027 2019 HS Partial Roof, Turf Field,	600,000	600,000		40,939	40,939	559,061		600,000	600,000	559,061		
Perimeter Netting & Goal Posts												
#001-047	1,746,000	1,746,000		61,838	61,838	1,684,162		1,746,000	1,746,000	1,684,162		
2019 HS Boiler Replacements	1,740,000	1,740,000		01,030	01,030	1,004,102		1,740,000	1,740,000	1,004,102		
#001-048	1,500,000	1,500,000		49,509	49,509	1,450,491		1,500,000	1,500,000	1,450,491		
2020 HS Partion Roof	_,	1,000,000		,	.,,,,,,	1,000,000		1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000		
2020 MS Boiler Replacements, Classroom		~**************						-,,	-,,-	2, 1,000		
and Corridor Reconstruction		2,000,000				2,000,000		2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000		
2020 JA Auditorium & Flooring Reconstruction		300,000				300,000		300,000	300,000	300,000		
2020 Southdown Rooftop Solar Power Station		340,000				340,000		340,000	340,000	340,000		
DASNY - HS Library Media Center		200,000			9.0202	200,000	200,00		200,000	200,000		
Smart Schools Bond Act	462,954	462,954	462,954		462,954		462,95	4	462,954			
	\$ 14,180,954	\$ 18,007,763	\$ 4,113,937	\$ 4,420,630	\$ 8,534,567	\$ 9,473,196	\$ - \$ 699,76	3 \$ 17,308,000	\$ 18,007,763	9,473,196		

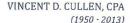
Less: Interfund transfer to general fund (1,457,221)
Less: DASNY grant not recognized (200,000)

\$ 7,815,975

^{*} Amounts represent interfund transfer to general fund for Capital Reserve projects completed of \$1,550,427, less encumbrances of \$93,206, for a total of \$1,457,221.

HUNTINGTON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule Net Investment in Capital Assets June 30, 2020

Capital assets, net	\$ 25,212,734
Deduct:	
Short-term portion of bonds payable	(180,000)
Long-term portion of bonds payable	(1,040,000)
	(1,220,000)
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 23,992,734





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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education Huntington Union Free School District Huntington Station, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the fiduciary funds of the Huntington Union Free School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 6, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Huntington Union Free School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Huntington Union Free School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Huntington Union Free School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Huntington Union Free School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we have reported to the Board of Education, Audit Committee and management of the Huntington Union Free School District in a separate letter dated October 6, 2020.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

October 6, 2020

Cullen & Danowski, LLP

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